

Free ideas
about pretty showers

For expert advice and ideas about
bathroom
decoration,
color combinations
and fixtures call



ANBAH TRADING
JEDDAH: 73565-76726
RIYADH: 27758

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

arab news

Publishers: saudi research and marketing company

Fresh Always

BULK & BAG
CEMENT**ROLACO**TEL: JEDDAH : 51857-54109
DAMMAM : 23868
RIYADH : 67236

VOL. IV NO. 302

TUESDAY, 19 JUNE — 1979 — JEDDAH 24 RAJAB 1399 A.H.

TWELVE PAGES — ONE RIYAL

Progress
cited at
Baghdad
summit

BAGHDAD, June 18 — The Presidents of Iraq and Syria announced Monday that they had made significant progress at a Baghdad summit meeting aimed at unifying their two countries.

Iraqi President Ahmad Hassan Bakr emerged from a fourth round of closed-door talks to say that he and Syrian President Hafez Assad had reached "happy results that will serve the aims of Iraq and Syria and the Arab nation," the Iraqi News Agency reported.

Assad was quoted by the agency as saying that "many of the obstacles that faced us were overcome and we have marched many steps forward."

The two presidents are discussing follow up measures to unify their countries, with the unification of the two rival wings of the Arab Socialist Baath Party ruling in Iraq and Syria on top of the agenda.

Bakr and Assad are also believed to be dealing with Iraq's deteriorating relations with Iran.

Iraqi Information Minister Saad Qassem Hammoudi said the presidential discussions were characterized by an identity of views, but he gave no details.

The secrecy which has surrounded the private talks, which have included the Iraqi Revolutionary Command's Vice Chairman Saddam Hussein, has prompted conflicting reports about their progress.

Jordanian newspapers reported Monday that the presidents had discussed the idea of a federal or confederal union, and appeared to be concentrating on a full merger.

The Lebanese daily, "An-Nahar" said, however, that Iraq favored a confederation as an interim step towards total unity.

The newspaper added that Assad had reservations about Iraqi proposals for merging party.

The official media in Baghdad and Damascus have been optimistic about forging a strong alliance to confront what Arab leaders regard as an American-Zionist conspiracy in the Middle East.

King receives PLO,
Jordan, Yemen envoys

RIYADH, June 18 (SPA) — King Khaled received here Monday a joint Jordanian Palestinian delegation which included Jordanian Information Minister Adnan Abu Odeh and Fatah Central Committee member Mahmoud Abbas (Abu Mazen).

The audience was attended by Crown Prince Fahd. The visit is part of a tour of several Arab capitals aimed at bolstering Arab resistance in the occupied lands.

Later in the day, the King received North Yemeni Deputy Premier Muhammad Ahmad Al-Junaidi who is heading his country's delegation to the current session of the Saudi-Yemeni Coordination Council. (Related story on page two)

The meeting was attended by Prince Fahd and Defense Minister Prince Sultan, who is also head of the coordination council.



King Khaled

Proposed Iranian constitution
denies autonomy to minorities

TEHRAN, June 18 (Agencies) — Iran's ethnic minorities will not be granted autonomy under a draft constitution published Monday after a series of delays.

Presenting the draft to a handful of Iranian journalists, Revolutionary Projects Minister Yaddollah Sahabi said: "They (the minorities) are given more freedom in their provinces, but it's not autonomy. The affairs of the provinces will be run through local councils."

Both the Kurds of western Iran

and the Turkomans on the north-eastern border with the Soviet Union fought government forces to demand autonomy soon after the February revolution.

The latest fighting flared earlier this month in the southeastern Gulf province of Khuzestan where the large Arab population also wants self-rule.

Sahabi said the draft he presented Monday was identical with the one published in the Tehran evening newspaper "Kayhan" last Thursday.

The minister called a press conference last Friday apparently to launch the draft but instead he said publication had been postponed to allow for last-minute revisions by unofficial head of state Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

Monday, he quoted Khomeini as saying he would make his comments on the document within a month, like the rest of the Iranian people. It will then go before a "council of examiners and then to a popular referendum."

Minority leaders and secular and left-wing parties have opposed the government's dropping of plans to hold elections for a fully-fledged constituent assembly.

EEC ministers discuss
dealing with oil shortage

LUXEMBOURG, June 18 (Agencies) — European Economic Community energy ministers were due Monday to discuss a four-point French plan to deal with the latest oil shortages.

To try to keep retail prices under control, France has called for EEC states to agree to a price ceiling for oil. Imports costing more would be banned.

The energy ministers will pass on their views to their prime ministers meeting in Strasbourg on Thursday and Friday.

France also wants to introduce measures to control oil price fluctuations and EEC Energy Commissioner Guido Brunner will apparently suggest publishing comparative tables of oil prices and retail prices for gasoline and heating fuel because of the psychological effect on the industry of revealing statistics.

The free oil market at Rotterdam is of special concern but the EEC Commission believes trading

there has declined recently, though prices remain high.

France has also called for extra investment in searching for alternative energy sources, laying stress on nuclear power.

The fourth French proposal concerns meetings between producers and consumers and the ministers were to discuss Common Market strategy for the first.

French Industry Minister Andre Giraud and Brunner are to meet an Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries team headed by Saudi Petroleum and Mineral Resources Minister Sheikh Zaki Yamani later this month.

EEC foreign ministers met in Paris Monday for regular political talks with the Middle East and the SALT II agreement high on the agenda.

The West German delegation was reportedly urging its partners to adopt a joint European statement on the problems of the future of the West Bank and Jerusalem.

Some reports claimed there was substantial support among other EEC members for a declaration that would criticize Israeli policy in the occupied territories.

They also debated the problem of Vietnamese "boat people." (See story page 12).

Irish Foreign Minister Michael O'Kennedy told reporters he expected the subject to be important for the Nine during the next six months, when he is president of the EEC Council of Ministers.

An international conference on the refugees proposed by Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher was, one possibility, he said.

Cabinet
approves
planning
strategy

RIYADH, June 18 (SPA) — The Council of Ministers Monday approved recommendations of the recently concluded conference of Planning Ministers of Gulf states and North Yemen.

After a meeting chaired by Crown Prince Fahd, Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani said the recommendations stressed the continued application of the Islamic Sharia and the preservation of Islamic values and their propagation. They also stressed the need to defend religion and state and internal security, the information minister said and added that the recommendations also stressed the role of the private sector in continuing a balanced development, and the desirability of decreasing dependence on oil as a major source of income. The recommendations called for the development of industry, agriculture and mining in addition to development of human resources.

The minister said that the cabinet also approved a proposal to subscribe to the International Development Agency, a World Bank organization.

The cabinet also approved an economic and technical agreement between Saudi Arabia and Bangladesh.

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT
LANDSCAPING
LANDSCAPE PLANT MATERIALS
SOIL STABILIZATION
SPORTS SURFACING

**URDCO**RIYADH PHONE 24885 JEDDAH PHONE 51665
YANBU PHONE 23124 ELKHOBAR PHONE 42174EXPENSIVE QUALITY FOR
REASONABLE PRICES.Sealed with a hug
U.S., USSR sign SALT II

VIENNA, June 18 (R) — President Carter and Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev Monday ended their first summit by signing a new treaty limiting their strategic missile arsenals, and promptly sealed the agreement with a hug.

As they shook hands after the ceremony in a baroque ballroom of Vienna's 13th-century Imperial Palace, they surprised their two delegations and hundreds of reporters with the unexpected embrace.

Who was the initiator was not completely clear, but after they had kissed on each cheek, they stood back grinning broadly as applause resounded through the hall from American, Soviet and Austrian officials.

The incident appeared to symbolize the delight of both presidents that the 6-1/2-year search for a new strategic arms limitation treaty (SALT II) was over — although it still has to face the major hurdle of the Senate.

Both have described the agreement — to be followed by negotiations on a much wider SALT-III accord — as a major step towards curbing the arms race and moving toward all-round disarmament.

SALT II represents the first agreement between the powers on actually reducing rather than freezing weaponry — by providing for a reduction of the 2,400 nuclear delivery vehicles permitted each of the two powers to 2,250 by the end of 1981.

The 72-year-old Brezhnev, who has made SALT-II one of the main objectives of his foreign policy, declared after the signing that it was "a major step forward" in improving Soviet-U.S. relations and the entire international climate.

Then he added in a firm, clear voice: "In signing this treaty, we are helping to defend the most sacred right of every man, the right to live."

The atmosphere of the final ceremony of the four-day summit suggested that some personal rapport had been established between the two leaders, despite continuing disagreements on many issues.

Both exchanged smiles during the ceremony and at one point in Brezhnev's four-minute address they beamed at each other as he said they had both worked hard to bring SALT II to a conclusion.

On several occasions during the weekend, Carter, 18 years younger, was seen assisting Brezhnev — once when he stumbled and almost fell — and putting his arm round his shoulders.

Carter who only a little more than an hour after signing was on his way back to Washington to report to Congress, made a strong defense of the treaty — which one leading Senate opponent has described as "appeasement."

"In setting our hands to this treaty, we have put our nations on a safer course," he said.

"Not one nation on this earth, not one people, not one human being is harmed, threatened or deprived by this victory in the battle for peace. A victory is here for all."

The two presidents entered the

hall for the signing ceremony together to take their seats at a 120-year-old white-and-gold table topped with green silk, while their two delegations lined up behind, alongside American and Soviet flags.

Behind Carter's chair were Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, Defense Secretary Harold Brown, National Security Advisor Zbigniew Brzezinski, and air force General David Jones, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

At Brezhnev's shoulder were Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko, Defense Minister Dmitri Ustinov, Politburo member and aide Konstantin Chernyenko, and Armed Forces Chief of Staff Marshal Nikolai Ogarkov.

The two defense ministers and their chiefs of staff met separately Sunday at an American suggestion to survey military problems affecting U.S.-Soviet relations, the first meeting of its type since the two were Allies in World War II.

American officials hope similar meetings can be arranged in the future, but there is no Soviet commitment yet.

Before arriving at the Hofburg

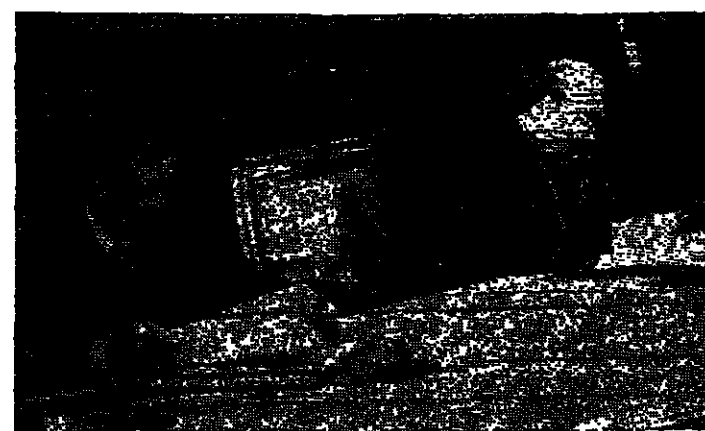
Palace, the presidents had two final rounds of discussion — one at the U.S. Embassy, when they sat with only interpreters for 90 minutes, and one at the Soviet Embassy for 50 minutes with full delegations.

There was no immediate word on what was discussed at the private meeting.

Apart from the signing of SALT II, accompanying documents and

a joint communique, and the expressed willingness of both sides to study new disarmament proposals, the summit appeared to have brought little movement on other issues.

Appeals by Carter for Kremlin restraint in pursuing its own interests in southern Africa, the Middle East and South-East Asia apparently met a frigid response.



TREATY SIGNING: Presidents Carter and Brezhnev signing the SALT II treaty Monday.

Work starts on new settlement;
Weizman quits autonomy talks

TEL AVIV, June 18 (Agencies) — Bulldozers began clearing land Monday for a new Jewish settlement on the West Bank, as Israeli Defense Minister Ezer Weizman announced his resignation from a team negotiating West Bank autonomy.

Agriculture Ministry officials said Karmel Shomron Bet was being built about one-half mile from the present Karmel Shomron as part of a multi-stage development plan for Jewish settlement in the area.

The site is in the northern sector of the West Bank, 11 miles west of Nablus and 22 miles northeast of Tel Aviv.

A ministry official said the construction was approved by the government last year as an expansion of Karmel Shomron and technically was not considered a new settlement. Spokesmen for Prime Minister Menachem Begin's government were not available for comment.

The agriculture ministry official, who declined to be identified, said settlers would not be moving onto the site immediately. The ultra-nationalist Gush Emunim movement, which settled the controversial Elon Moreh outpost two weeks ago, said its members were not involved in the project.

Weizman has publicly expressed reservations about the guidelines drawn up by the Israeli cabinet for the Israeli negotiators and is said to oppose establishment of Elon Moreh.

He said he would continue to express his viewpoint on the negotiations at cabinet meetings.

Israeli radio quoted Weizman as saying he had left the negotiating team "without slamming the door."

He was reported to have told Begin that the team was "too unwieldy."

Weizman and Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan asked to be excused from the negotiating team a few hours before the talks started in Beersheba last month. But they were persuaded by Begin to withdraw their objections, and they attended the Beersheba talks as well as those in Alexandria last week.

Both are said to have played

moderate Israelis who contend that new Jewish settlements endanger negotiations on Palestinian autonomy for the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

Last week Begin rejected such criticism, asserting what he called "Israel's absolute right" to settle in the occupied territories and promising there would be "more Elon Moreh."

On Sunday Weizman resigned from the six-member ministerial team negotiating West Bank autonomy with Egypt and the United States, Israeli radio said.

It quoted Weizman as saying he would not take part in any further meetings of the team, but that his office would continue to aid its members.

Weizman has publicly expressed reservations about the guidelines drawn up by the Israeli cabinet for the Israeli negotiators and is said to oppose establishment of Elon Moreh.

He said he would continue to express his viewpoint on the negotiations at cabinet meetings.

Israeli radio quoted Weizman as saying he had left the negotiating team "without slamming the door."

He was reported to have told Begin that the team was "too unwieldy."

Weizman and Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan asked to be excused from the negotiating team a few hours before the talks started in Beersheba last month. But they were persuaded by Begin to withdraw their objections, and they attended the Beersheba talks as well as those in Alexandria last week.

Both are said to have played

only a minor role in the talks in Egypt.

Meanwhile Israeli Interior Minister Yosef Burg said a U.S. reply to Israeli requests for clarification about the U.S. role in autonomy negotiations conformed with Israeli thinking, Israeli radio said Sunday night.

It said that Burg, who heads the team to the autonomy talks had told its correspondent: that the U.S. reply, transmitted by U.S. ambassador to Israel Samuel Lewis to Begin, conformed with Israeli thinking on this subject.

A few outstanding points were not decisive, he was reported to have said. He added he thought that those could be sorted out in the near future.

Israel says that under the Camp David agreement the U.S. should be a participant in the three-sided autonomy talks at present going on at fortnightly intervals, but should not be a party to any agreement reached.

Egypt is reported to seek full U.S. partnership both in the talks and in any agreements reached.

Kingdom
not notified
of Canada
embassy
transfer

RIYADH, June 18 (SPA) — Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal said Monday that the Saudi Government has not been officially notified of any final decision by Canada on its reported intention to transfer its embassy from Tel Aviv to Jerusalem.

"If this is done," he said, "Saudi Arabia would take joint action with other Islamic states."

"The measures the Kingdom will take if Canada moves its embassy to Jerusalem will be based on a unified Islamic Stand," the prince said in an interview with the daily "Al Medina."

A Canadian minister reiterated Sunday that his government was determined to carry out its election pledge despite Arab objections.

ASSORTMENT OF
CARPETS FOR GARDENS,
SWIMMINGPOOLS AND
ENTRANCES

WARDEH
SALEHIYA EST.

Sultan in chair

Saudi-Yemeni council starts Riyadh meeting

RIYADH, June 18 (SPA) — Saudi and North Yemeni government officials opened talks here Monday on relations between the two countries and Saudi assistance for North Yemeni development.

Defense Minister Prince Sultan led the Saudi side to the talks — the annual meeting of the Saudi-Yemeni Joint Coordination Council. Deputy Premier Muhammad Ahmad Al-Junaid led the Yemeni side.

Speaking before the meeting Junaid said his country considered the commission as the most important means of improving relations. "It has accomplished many tasks and has pushed forward Saudi-financed development projects," he said.

Junaid said that there would be an "exchange of views on matters

of mutual concern" in the interests of the two countries and Arab and Islamic solidarity.

Monday's meeting was attended on the Saudi side, by Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal, Minister of Finance and National Economy Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al-Khail, Minister of Education Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Khuwaitir, Minister of Information Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani and a number of other officials.

The Yemeni side included Development Minister Ali Lutf Al-Thaur, Education Minister Muhammad Khadem Al-Wajih, Information and Culture Minister Yahya Al-Arshi, Finance Minister Ahmed Al-Samawi, Foreign Ministry Undersecretary Muhammad Al-Kaisi, Agriculture Ministry Undersecretary Muhammad Jamaan, Aviation Board Chairman Muhammad Al-Halimi and the Yemeni Charge d'Affaires in the Kingdom.

Welcoming the Yemeni delegation, Prince Sultan said the commission was a "living example of friendship and brotherliness between the two countries."

The North Yemeni delegation arrived earlier Monday and was met at the airport by Prince Saud and other officials.

Sultan to see passing-out

RIYADH, June 18 (SPA) — Minister of Defense and Aviation Prince Sultan will attend the 37th graduation ceremony at King Abdul Aziz Military College on Wednesday.

Nazer to speak about power

RIYADH, June 18 (SPA) — Minister of Planning Sheikh Hisham Nazer will address the Riyadh Literary Association Wednesday evening on "Power."

Children's art show held

JEDDAH, June 18 (SPA) — A children's art show was opened by Mecca Governor Prince Fawaz in Jeddah Monday. The show was organized by the Directorate General of Education in the Western Province, to mark International Year of the Child.

Child committee holds meeting

RIYADH, June 18 (SPA) — The planning and execution sub-committee of the National Committee for Child Welfare held a meeting Monday, chaired by Deputy Education Minister Prince Khaled bin Fahd and attended by representatives of other ministries.



BEDSIDE: Mecca Governor Prince Fawaz and the owner of the New Jeddah Clinic, Dr. Hamid Mutabaqani, greet a patient at the opening of the hospital Sunday.

Fawaz opens Jeddah's 6th private hospital

By John Clegg
JEDDAH, June 18 — The opening of the Jeddah Clinic by Mecca Governor Prince Fawaz on Sunday brings the number of newly-built private hospitals in Jeddah to six.

Designed by the Italian firm, of Fegiz and Associates and built by the Reccaoni Company, also of Italy, the 145-bed hospital across

from the new Jeddah Shopping Center on Medina Road cost SR65 million. It is owned by Dr. Hamid Mutabaqani — who also owns old Jeddah Clinic near the Kandara Palace. About SR14 million went toward equipment, SR5 million for staff housing and SR22 million for the 6,000 square meters of land.

It is affiliated with the Taipei School of Medicine. Doctors and nurses from that hospital will be coming to the Jeddah Clinic on 12-month contracts and will be paid wages comparable to those in England.

One of its novel features, which most private hospitals in Jeddah have also included, is an acupuncture clinic. Professor C.K. Lim of Taipei will be in charge of the Ward. A well-known Egyptian doctor, Prof. M. Al-Husseini will be head of surgery on a one-year contract.

The clinic estimates it will be spending around SR1,000 per bed. It has also been negotiating with Dr. M. Basalamah, dean of the King Abdul Aziz University School of Health Sciences, for the establishment of a Residency

program for KAAU students.

An out-patients clinic will be open eight hours a day and an emergency room will be open 24 hours a day. A dental clinic with its own laboratory, a cardiology unit, a maternity ward and four operating theaters are also part of the hospital's facilities.

The hospital has hired 15 doctors and 49 nurses and ancillary staff from Taiwan.

The opening of the Jeddah Clinic is the latest evidence of growing interest by Saudi investors in private health care. Building a hospital and running it there-

after can be an expensive business, although the government provides interest-free loans to cover half the cost of construction.

Investors argue that the superior care available at private hospitals means that competition with state clinics or fixed rates for beds will not preclude profits but the surge in private hospital construction can only mean intense competition among the privately-owned clinics.

Average costs to the patient at a private hospital in Jeddah run about SR600 a day for a suite, SR400 for a first class room, SR300 for the lowest category, and SR250 for the cheapest room. General surgery costs around SR1,800 and gynecological, neurological and plastic surgery around SR2,500. More complex operations can run to about SR3,000.

Most private clinics in Jeddah have taken about three years to move from the drawing boards to the day Prince Fawaz opens them. They are invariably lavish, with marble floors, paneled ceilings and wall-to-wall carpeting.

Arab, Muslim nature of Jerusalem aired at Riyadh U seminar

RIYADH, June 18 (SPA) — Several speakers at a seminar on the history of Jerusalem here stressed the continuing Arab nature of the city and underlined the importance of its Islamic shrines.

The seminar, the latest in a series organized by Riyadh University, was addressed by a representative of Fatch, the secretary general of the Islamic Conference, Amadou Karim Gaye and Austria Ambassador Franz Schmid. The seminar was conducted by Dr. Rashed Al-Mubarak, dean of the school of postgraduate studies at the university.

Dr. Muhammad Al-Nairab, professor of modern history, said that Arabs had always been in a majority in Jerusalem — and Palestine — until the creation of Israel. "At the dawn of history, the site was inhabited by Arabs and other Semitic tribes," he said.

The land was then settled by Canaanite Arabs from the Arabian Peninsula and the city was itself founded by the Yehussids, who were Arab, he said.

A Fatch representative in Saudi Arabia, Rafiq Al-Natshe discus-

sed the 50 years between the Balfour Declaration, in which the British government said it would favor a Jewish national home in Palestine, and the 1967 war.

During that period, "a conspiracy against the people of Palestine was implemented stage by stage," he said. He condemned Zionist activities in the occupied territories and urged Muslims work for the liberation of Jerusalem and its Islamic shrines.

The Austrian ambassador to the seminar that he did not believe that any peace in the Middle East would be a lasting one "unless the issue of Jerusalem is settled at the hands of the Palestinians," he said. He described the Balfour Declaration as still a "cause for regret" in Europe.

Dr. Amadou Karim Gaye, secretary general of the Organization of Islamic Conference, described his organization's efforts in helping the Palestinians. The Jerusalem Fund and Islamic Solidarity Fund have been established to protect the Arab and Islamic character of Jerusalem, he said.

"Neither Egypt nor any other party has no right to speak for the Palestinians about self-rule," he said.

State consulting service to contract 2 U.S. firms

JEDDAH, June 18 — The new state consulting arm, Saudi Consultancy Services, has approved agreements with two U.S. firms to provide technical assistance and feasibility studies.

"Al-Riyadh" newspaper said Monday that Minister of Industry and Electricity Dr. Ghazi Alghosbi, who chaired a meeting of the company's board last Saturday, approved participation with an unnamed U.S. company.

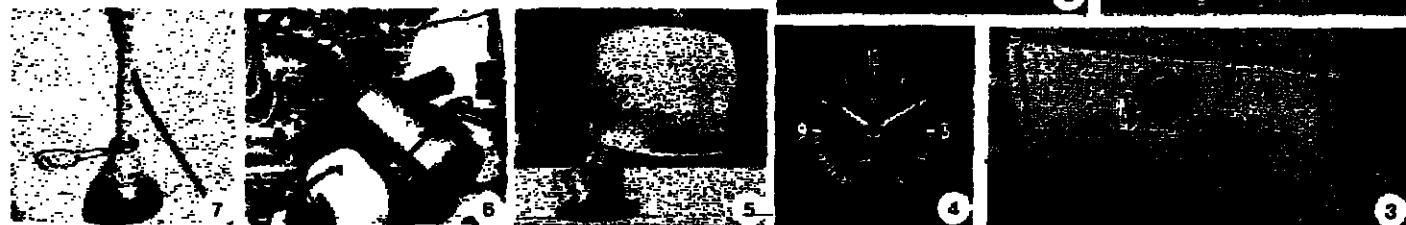
Besides engineering and design work, it will supervise construction of airports, hotels, electrical networks, hospitals, military can-

tonments, roads, seaports and provide architectural services.

The board approved a second agreement on technical cooperation with Arthur D. Little of the U.S. for feasibility studies of industrial projects and reports on economic performance.

Saudi Consultancy Services was set up by the government to prepare specifications and designs for engineering projects, help assess contract bids, supervise project implementation and prepare performance reports. It replaces the Industrial Studies and Research Center.

TOYOTA

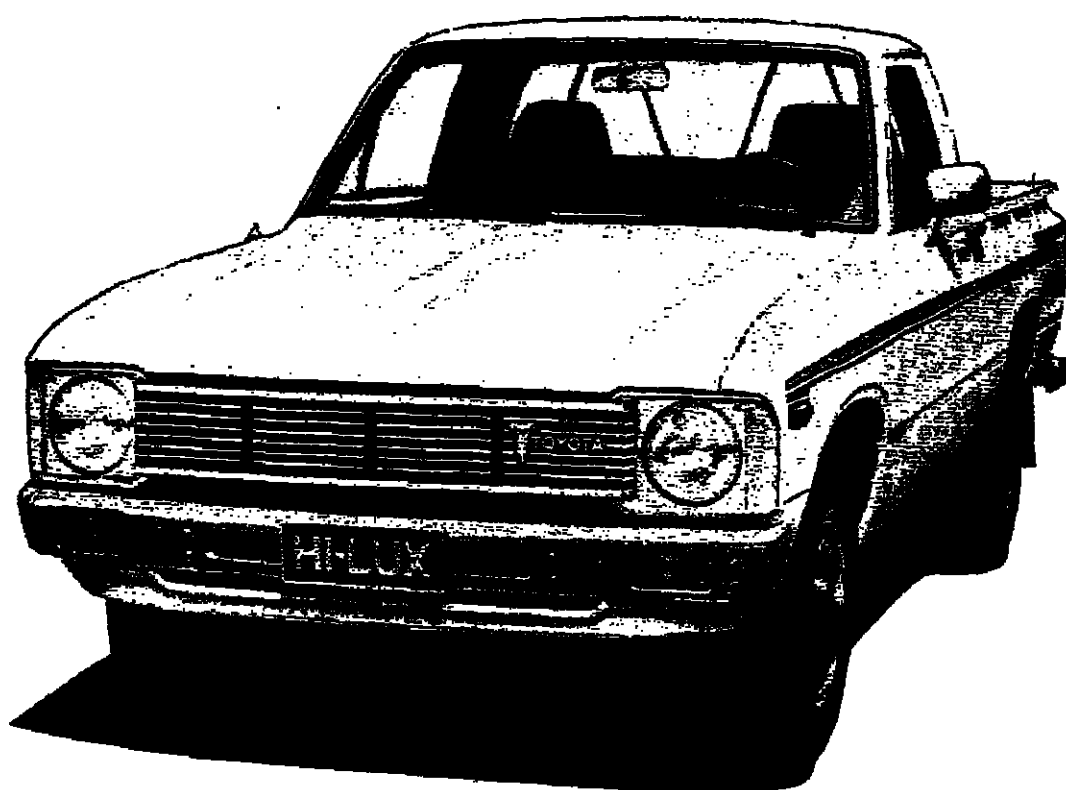


Toyota has exported to the whole world

10 000,000

CARS

THE GREAT PERFORMER



1. Radio Stereo.
2. Ventilation.
3. Lockable Glove Compartment.
4. Quartz Clock.
5. Chromed Mirror.
6. Cyclone Air-Filter.
7. Lockable Aerial.

HI-LUX
DESERT
HAWK



ABDUL LATIF JAMEEL

JEDDAH-RIYADH-DAMMAM-MECCA-TAF-HOFOUF.



Donuts and morning Coffee at J.F.K.

The Dhahran-New York Midnight Special
DEPARTS DHAHRAN AT 2359 HRS
ARRIVES NEW YORK AT 0620 HRS
every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday
and Saturday
In time for good ole American
Donuts and morning coffee



saudia
SAUDI ARABIAN AIRLINES

Originating in Riyadh Flight 25
stops in Dhahran and then flies to
New York's J.F.K. airport.
For Reservations and immediate confirmation
to any city in the USA please dial
ALKHOBAR 42000 OR RIYADH 33333
In association with PAN AM

DHAHRAN-NEW YORK NON STOP

Monday • Wednesday • Thursday • Saturday

مكتبة من الأصل

Afghan fighting said spreading across country

TEHRAN, June 18 (R) — Fighting between Afghan Muslim rebels and forces of the pro-Soviet government of President Nur Muhammad Taraki is apparently spreading to all parts of the country. Iran's official Pars news agency quoted exile sources

Monday as saying the rebels had assassinated a number of unnamed leaders of the ruling People's Party.

Fighting which began in tribal areas bordering Pakistan had spread to the cities of Herat and Kandahar, the sources said.

Alien newsmen face tough Iranian policy

TEHRAN, June 18 (Agencies) — Foreign journalists could be expelled from Iran for criticizing the Islamic Revolution or distorting news, National Guidance Minister Nasser Minachi said Monday, according to the official "Voice of the Islamic Republic" radio.

It quoted the minister as saying that the government would ask foreign publications to retract any such report.

"If they do not do so and if they continue to write against the Iranian revolution, the office of the news agency, newspaper or magazine will be closed down in Iran and the reporter will be kicked out," the radio quoted Minachi as saying.

Minachi whose department until recently was called the Information Ministry, said Iran was monitoring news published about this country abroad.

"When something is written against the revolution, against the national interest or is distorted, we will write to that publication asking for our objection to be printed, Iran will not allow the importing of pornographic publication but would not bar foreign reporters or news publications.

In a separate development, local reports said Sunday that the United States, locked in a dispute with Iran over the naming of a new U.S. ambassador, has decided to replace the temporary head of its embassy here.

Embassy officials confirmed that Charles Naas, charge d'affaires at the embassy since Ambassador William Sullivan left in early April, will be replaced this week by a former Ambassador to Malta Bruce Laingen. Laingen served in Tehran as a political officer in 1953-54. The officials said Naas' transfer to the United States was routine. Laingen presumably will serve as charge until a new ambassador is appointed.

Iran has refused to accept Walter Cutler, a former ambassador to Zaire, as Washington's new envoy here. President Carter has given no indication so far that he will soon nominate another diplomat. Iran delayed Cutler's arrival, then refused to accept him, in a dispute with Washington over a Senate resolution last month that condemned the Iranian revolutionary executions.

Benazir Bhutto to face court on contempt charge

LAHORE, June 18 (R) — Benazir Bhutto will be tried for contempt in Lahore High Court, the court that last year ordered the execution of her father, Zulfikar Ali Bhutto.

Miss Bhutto and other leaders of Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party have been charged with contempt for describing the former premier as a "shaheed" (martyr), in a petition moved in the court Sunday.

The bench was headed by Chief Justice Mushtaq Hussain, who in March 1978 sentenced Bhutto to death for ordering the murder of a political opponent. Bhutto was hanged on April 4 this year.



Benazir Bhutto



Israel reopens Lebanon border after arrest of UNIFIL officer

METULLAH, Israel, June 18 (R) — Israel Monday reopened its border to United Nations troops from southern Lebanon after a 36-hour ban following an alleged attempt to smuggle arms by a senior U.N. officer.

Israeli soldiers at the border crossings near this northern town said they had new orders to carry out stricter checks of all U.N. vehicles and personnel, including those of high-ranking officers.

Colonel Alfred Gom of the Nigerian contingent attached to the U.N. Interim Forces in Lebanon (UNIFIL) was remanded in custody Sunday after Israeli police said they found two suitcases of explosives in his car last Friday.

Israel also lodged a strong protest with U.N. headquarters in New York Sunday, charging that the peacekeeping units were serving as a cover for cooperation with Palestinian commandos.

In a protest note to Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim, Israeli U.N. representative Yahya Blum said Gom and another Nigerian, Mark Okoronkwo, were involved in a road accident while traveling on the main highway to Jerusalem on Friday afternoon.

The note said that when the officer's behavior "aroused suspicion", an Israeli policeman searched two cases found in their car and discovered 28 sticks of explosive material, 70 "fingers" of gelignite, 60 detonators, 10 hand grenades, three submachine guns and a large quantity of ammunition.

"Colonel Gom admitted" that he had received the cases from a Palestine Liberation Organization officer in Lebanon and that he was to deliver them to a PLO contact in Jerusalem, the Israeli note claimed.

The officer was Sunday remanded by a magistrate for 15

days and his companion, who works at UNIFIL headquarters in Naqoura, southern Lebanon, for six days, Israel reported.

Alluding to a previous case in which a Senegalese member of UNIFIL was jailed in Israel earlier this year for arms smuggling, Blum continued: "I am instructed to protest vigorously and emphatically against this repeated criminal abuse of a U.N. peacekeeping force to serve as a cover for cooperation with the PLO despite assurances received from the U.N. to take action to prevent the recurrence of activities of this kind."

He called on the U.N. to take prompt steps "to prevent once and for all any repetition".

Earlier Sunday U.N. headquarters in Jerusalem issued a statement from UNIFIL, saying that

four members of a Dutch battalion serving with UNIFIL were held militia before being released.

The statement said that a four-man foot patrol of the UNIFIL Dutch battalion on routine duty had been ambushed and captured by about 15 "armed de facto militias".

A militia spokesman told newsmen in the Israeli town of Metullah that they detained the Dutch soldiers because they entered an area barred to UNIFIL forces.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

nonaligned movement at its summit meeting in Havana next September, the sources added.

He claimed that under a written agreement between militia leader Maj. Saad Haddad and UNIFIL Commander Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, signed in June 1978, UNIFIL had no duties to perform in rightist-held enclaves in southern Lebanon.

He also said he had been asked by his superior to plant explosives in one of Cairo's main hotels and

Somoza forces claim strategic retreat

Sandinistas reportedly capture 2 key cities

MANAGUA, June 18 (R) — President Anastasio Somoza has apparently suffered a severe setback with the reported loss of two major cities in the north to leftist Sandinista guerrillas.

An official communique said the National Guard had pulled out of its command post in the second city of Leon, leaving the city to the Sandinistas. The National Guardsmen had been under siege by encircling rebels for several days.

The sources said the Sandinistas had also taken the city of Matagalpa, about 124 kilometers north of the capital of Managua. Leon lies about 90 kilometers north of here.

In both cases the sources said the withdrawal of troops from the cities was a strategic move, aimed at surrounding the Sandinistas.

The commander of the Leon garrison, General Gonzalo Evertz, was seriously wounded during the battle.

The fighting in the capital, where the Sandinistas are in control of the slum areas, dragged on into its ninth day.

The National Guard, which launched a drive backed by artillery, light tanks and aircraft to clear the slums, gained some success in the southern area of Managua.

On the diplomatic front Somoza, whose family has ruled for over forty years, suffered another setback.

Ecuador became the third coun-



GUERRILLA: A Sandinista guerrilla leader, known as Commandante Marco, on patrol near Leon. Sunday it was officially admitted that President Somoza's National Guard had withdrawn from Leon, leaving it in Sandinista hands.

try to withdraw diplomatic recognition of Nicaragua. Mexico and Costa Rica have already done so.

Sunday five South American countries — all members of the Andean Pact — announced they had formally recognized the San-

dinista guerrillas as combatants fighting on the same footing as President Somoza's men. The countries involved are Venezuela, Colombia, Peru, Ecuador, and Bolivia. All except Ecuador still recognize Somoza's government.

In Managua, a stream of families of government officials was fleeing the country, most of them to Miami on the Lanica Airlines flight, the only commercial company flying in and out of Managua Airport. Lanica belongs to the Somoza family.

On the southern front Eden Pastora, who heads the rebel columns in the south, predicted his forces would take the city of Rivas by Tuesday. The guerrillas say a provisional government will be seated in Rivas, 48 kilometers north of the border on the Pan American Highway.

But National Guard Major Pablo Emilio Salazar, 35, who commands Somoza's forces in the south, said the guerrillas number about 700 and would be encircled and destroyed. No timetable was

set by the major, known as "Commander Bravo."

Details on the situation in the south were sketchy. Colonel Aquiles Aranda Escobar, of Somoza's 13,000 man Guard, said the guerrillas had taken the villages of Penas Blancas, on the Costa Rican border, and Sapoa, about three kilometers north on the Pan American Highway.

Aranda said the guerrillas were blocked there. But Pastora in an interview on Costa Rican television that was filmed in Nicaragua, said his forces were approaching Rivas.

In Leon, a dozen guardsmen were captured running down the street in their underwear after the garrison was set on fire. The Guardsmen had shed their uniforms in hopes of escaping.

The wounded General Gonzalo Evertz, the garrison commander, was evacuated by helicopter before the post was burned.

The guerrillas had knocked holes in the walls of houses around the garrison to give residents freedom to move out of the line of fire.

A tank which had been in front of the garrison was disabled by firing a rocket into it from a house at point blank range. The guerrillas also have a captured armored car which they said was being used to shell guard positions.

He said some of the Guardsmen who fled the garrison had hidden in nearby buildings in groups of three or four and were exchanging shots with the rebels.

The guard also continued to occupy a fortified command post on the southern outskirts of Leon, he said, and were shelling the city with mortars from the post while planes rocketed and strafed.

The situation continued to deteriorate in Managua, where 50,000 persons have jammed Red Cross centers seeking food and escape from the fighting.

Carter apparently picks new Moscow ambassador

VIENNA, July 18 (R) — President Carter has apparently chosen Thomas Watson, former chairman of the board of the International Business Machines Corporation, to replace Malcolm Toon as ambassador to the Soviet Union.

Watson's imminent nomination to Moscow is subject to Senate confirmation.

Nomination hearings by the Senate Foreign Relations Com-

mittee could open a wide-ranging debate on Soviet-American relations in the light of strong opposition to ratification of the Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty (SALT-II).

The treaty was signed by Carter and President Brezhnev in Vienna Monday.

Watson, 65, is chairman of Carter's General Advisory Committee on Arms Control and Disarmament.



CASUALTY: Sandinista guerrillas make a stretcher out of sugar sacks and branches to carry away one of their casualties, wounded in the battle for the northern city of Leon, which they now control.

Communist spies handed jail by W. German court

DUSSELDORF, June 18 (R) — Lothar Lutze, chief defendant in West Germany's longest spy trial, Monday received a 12-year sentence for spying for East Germany.

His wife Renate was sentenced to six years. Both are former employees of the Defense Ministry.

They were found guilty of passing over 1,000 secret documents to the Communists. These included NATO plans for dealing with a military crisis in Europe and the Alliance's evaluation of the strengths and weaknesses of the Warsaw Pact.

The prosecution had demanded 15 years for Lothar Lutze and 11 for his wife.

Another couple, Frank and Christine Gerstner, who "controlled" the Lutzes, received seven-year sentences.

A fifth defendant, Jurgen Wiegels, was jailed for three years and six months.

The Lutze case led to a major parliamentary inquiry and played a part in the resignation of Defense Minister Georg Leber in February 1978.

Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, testifying before the inquiry last

year, said the spy ring did West Germany serious damage.

Among documents betrayed by Lothar Lutze was a 1974 report on the state of the Bundeswehr.

Lothar Lutze admitted spying but his wife maintained her innocence.

A sixth defendant, Wiegels' divorced wife Ursula, received a 24-month suspended sentence.

The trial started in June last year.

Chinese assembly to confer liberties

PEKING, June 18 (AP) — China has announced its parliament will give the Chinese people eventual free, direct elections by secret ballot and immediately establish independence for the judiciary as well as added protection for people accused of crimes.

Bills for these sweeping measures are on the agenda of the fifth National People's Congress adopted by its preparatory committee Sunday afternoon. They are sure to be passed.

The congress's work will include a bill providing for joint Chinese and foreign enterprises and investments.

In its two-week session, which began Monday afternoon, it will also expand the number of vice premiers, now totaling 13. None is expected to be dropped.

The regime's frequently expressed desire to establish the rule of law is reflected in a series of bills creating judicial bodies to deal with criminal and civil cases.

Chi Peng-fei, a vice chairman of the parliament's Standing Committee, reported the extraordinary measures to foreign and Chinese correspondents in an unprecedented news conference on the eve of the first session.

He said the 3,299 deputies will be asked to approve a bill which will give the electorate direct rather than indirect power to select deputies to the county People's Congresses with more candidates than seats placed in contention.

Non-Communists will be eligible to run, as well as stand for election in later balloting by county and provincial congresses which name the national parliament.

Starting October, military says Ghana votes for eventual government

ACCRA, June 18 (R) — Two weeks after the latest military coup, Ghanians voted Monday in the first general election since the last civilian government was swept aside in a similar armed forces seizure of power seven years ago.

With five million people eligible to vote, the election will name a new civilian government which may be able to start ruling before the Oct. 1 date promised three days ago by the new military rulers.

Before the balloting for a president and a 140-seat parliament, Captain Boakye Djan, a member of the Armed Forces Revolutionary Council, said on Saturday night that the promised handover date was negotiable and might be advanced, provided the military men felt the new civilian govern-

ment would press on with the fight against corruption.

If not, the council would stay in power till the end of September, as specified in an official decree issued on Friday.

Djan was answering questions at a meeting of the council and the 10 presidential candidates contesting the election. The meeting was chaired by Flight Lieutenant Jerry Rawlings, leader of the June 4 coup which overthrew the regime of General Fred Akuffo.

The leader of the military government which preceded the Akuffo regime, Ignatius Acheampong, 47, and another British-trained officer, Lieutenant-General E.K. Utuka, former commander of the Border Guards, were executed by firing squad on Saturday. They had been convicted of squandering government funds and using their position to

amass wealth.

Akuffo and a number of senior police officers and military commanders are also in custody awaiting trial by revolutionary courts and some civilians are expected to follow them into the dock.

The Revolutionary Council Friday announced it was setting up an execution site on a shooting range for senior officers and officials convicted of corruption.

Ghana's election campaign, which began last January after the Akuffo government lifted a seven-year ban on party political activity, has concentrated on the country's stagnant economy, rampant inflation and allegations of immorality in public and private life.

Ghanians had been uncertain since the June 4 coup about the date of a civilian government takeover, until the Revolutionary Council's announcement on Friday.

WANTED

- 1 — SECRETARY FLUENT ENGLISH AND ARABIC. FAST TYPING AT 40 W.P.W.
- 2 — DRAFTSMAN WELL QUALIFIED IN CARTOGRAPHY INTERESTED APPLICANT SHOULD CALL ON BETWEEN 8.30 AND 2.00 P.M. TEL : NO 52683 — JEDDAH

WANTED

A Villa with large reception room, dining room, three bed rooms, servants quarters and garage. Contact : Tel: 43925 — Jeddah.

PASSPORT LOST

A Indian Passport No. K 115950 issued at Madras on 26-11-74 with Igama No. 1177 to Mr. Syed Jaffar has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Indian Embassy Jeddah.

FOR RENT
VILLAS
APARTMENTS
COMPOUNDS
PLEASE
TELEPHONE
50881
JEDDAH

GAC
RYAN
EQUIPMENT
FOR HIRE
CRANES
TRUCKS
LOADERS
COMPRESSORS
BACKHOES
Tel:
59024

Record haul for Japanese thief

SENDAI, Japan, June 18 (R) — A rector lost 950 million yen (\$ 4.3 million) Monday in the largest cash robbery on record in Japan. Fumio O, 36, told police he left the cash, received from a land deal, in five cardboard boxes in the locked office of an associate. The money had disappeared when he returned seven hours later to take it to the bank. The previous record haul was about 300 million yen (about \$ 1.4 million), when a man disguised as a police officer raided a cash transport van in Tokyo 11 years ago. That thief was never caught.

New Building For Rent Al Khobar

8 Apartments
Central Air Condition
Delux Finishing
Telephone with Operator
Completed Kitchen
Roof Garden
Washing Room
Central Antena
Sweet Water
In a Good Place
Prince Hamood Street
cross 4th.

Desirous Personnel may contact

Mr. Sajjad

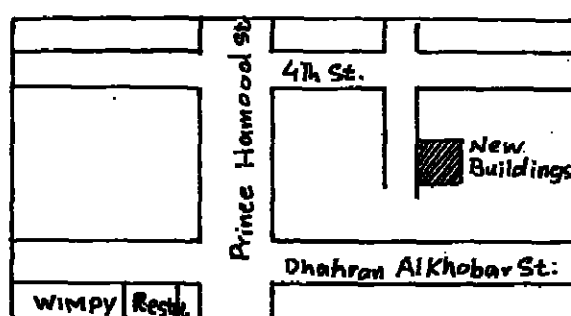
Tel. 46174

Al Khobar

in the following timings.

Mor. 9 to 12 am.

Eve. 5 to 7 pm.



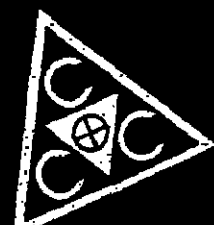
AVAILABLE FOR IMMEDIATE SALE

CAT. WHEEL LOADERS
CAT. TRAXCAVATORS
ELBA BATCHING PLANTS
TOWER CRANES
POCLAIN BACKHOES
MERCEDES TIPPERS
CHEV. TRUCKS

ROLLERS (VARIOUS SIZES)
CONVEYOR BELTS
PILE HAMMERS
PILE EXTRACTOR
ROCK DRILL
AQUA DRILL
OVERHEAD CRANE

VARIOUS OTHER CONTRACTORS
PLANT & EQUIPMENT

CONTACT:
CONSOLIDATED CONTRACTORS CO. WLL
DESALINATION & POWER PLANT
(PHASE III) PROJECT NEW JEDDAH AREA
TELEPHONE 57235 61318 EXT. 422
TELEX 401284 CONCO SQ



We provide
Yarn Waste and Shoddy,
for
Bleaching, Paper Making
and OE Spinning

IHSAN SONS LTD.
513, Qamar House, V. A. Jinnah Road, P.O. Box 9395
Karachi 3216 (Pakistan) Phone: (021) 234446, 233179
Telex: 2727 PK Cable: Shoddy

WORLDWIDE
EXPORTS OF
YARN WASTE
AND SHODDY

Thaver 5-79

INOXCROM
INTERNATIONAL

موفرة
في
المصانع

المستخدمة

Agent: **ATA Establishment**
Tel: 21830. P.O. Box: 708. Jeddah

مكثا من الأصل

Emphasis in recent years

U.N. reports birth control fight

UNITED NATIONS, June 18 (AP)—The U.N. Fund for Population Activities was reported Monday to have spent \$435,264,200 on aid programs in the 10 years up to 1978, the biggest share of it on family planning aid.

Executive Director Rafael Salas said in his annual program report to the governing council of the U.N. Development Program that in its first 10 years of operation the fund each year devoted from

30.3 to 48.6 per cent of its spending to family planning.

Over the 10 years, the fund laid out \$103,069,000 on interregional and global projects and of the rest spent, \$136,100 went to Asia and the Pacific, \$82,554,600 to Latin America, \$52,269,000 to Africa and \$50,484,000 to the Middle East.

Individual countries aided have included Ghana, Kenya, Nigeria, Tanzania, Uganda, Bangladesh, Burma, India, Pakistan, Nepal, Sri

Lanka, Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, Iran, Singapore, the Philippines, South Korea, Malta, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Syria, Turkey, Tunisia, Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Costa Rica, Colombia, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Uruguay, Venezuela and Jamaica.

People Shortage

UNITED NATIONS, June 18 (AP)—Luxembourg has declared that its low birth rate corresponded to "national suicide."

East Germany, with too few young being born to replace the dying old, encourages every family to have at least two children to secure the "simple population reproduction" important for society's sustained development along planned lines.

Preliminary reports of the U.N. population poll, taken among 158 countries last year, show that more than half are dissatisfied with their population growth rates and that among the latter, 36 countries want a higher rate against 45 that want a lower one.

France said it was worried because fewer babies in the population would mean a higher proportion of people over 65, and that would "involve higher costs and... necessitate a major restructuring of government programs." France is promoting larger families.

Others listed as aiming for higher population growth rates include West Germany, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Greece, Bulgaria, Byelorussia, the Ukraine, Israel, Iraq, Oman, Qatar, the Central African Empire, Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Guinea, the Ivory Coast, Argentina, Bolivia, Cambodia and Laos.



OLD FRIEND: This San Francisco motorist couldn't bear to see his old Beetle come to the end of the road. So he sold the parts, one by one. He is now seen sitting where the engine used to be.

Air show in Paris closes after 10-day flying festival

PARIS, June 18 (AP)—The 33rd Paris air show closed Sunday after 10 days of brilliant flying displays and millions of dollars in business transactions for the 691 aviation and aerospace exhibitors.

Most of the aircraft made a final run before the jam-packed crowd at Paris' Le Bourget Airport.

The stars of the flying display were the new Mirage 2000 and Mirage 4000 jet fighters, seen here for the first time.

Other combat aircraft to attract

interest were the General Dynamics F-16 from the United States and Britain's Harrier.

For the sake of safety, the flying floor was set at 150 meters and no jet aerobatic teams were allowed to perform as in the past. But for lovers of aerobatic flying, Britain's Rothman's Aerobatic team and the Royal Jordanian Falcons performed with Pitts Specials, high performance biplanes.

Twenty-five countries were represented this year. The United States had the largest contingent.

Affected by U.S. money supply

Dollar declines, gold fluctuates

LONDON, June 18 (AP)—The dollar dipped against major currencies Monday, continuing a fallback triggered last week by a big jump in U.S. money supply that could spur inflation.

The price of gold fluctuated in Zurich and London, Europe's two main bullion markets, below last week's all-time highs.

But one London dealer said the value of the precious metal, which eased last week amid a major gold rush, "seems quite steady" and is expected to climb again.

There were expectations the dollar will also steady despite Monday's slip in opening quotes.

In Tokyo, where the foreign exchange closes before Europe's open, the dollar closed at 219.25 yen, down from Friday's 220.30-yen closer.

Dealers in Tokyo reported the decline reflected a drop in Japan's overseas markets last week. But they said trading was stable.

In London, it cost \$2.10575 to buy one British pound, a slight easing on Friday's closer of \$2.10295.

Here is how the dollar fared in early trading on other European money markets compared with Friday's late dealings:

Paris — 4.3800 French francs, marginally down from 4.3870.

Frankfurt — 1.8888 marks, down from 1.8900.

Zurich — 1.6999 Swiss francs, down from 1.7018.

Milan — 847.80 lire, down from 849.325.

Amsterdam — 2.0705 guilders, down from 2.0795.

The price of gold opened in London at \$279.75 an ounce, 25

cents down on Friday's \$280.00 closer.

In Zurich, however, the price advanced to \$279.875.

Gold, traditionally a hedge in times of monetary uncertainty, has had a boom in recent months,

spurred by cutbacks in oil production, higher oil prices and fears this will fuel a major inflationary trend in the industrialized world. Expected oil price rises at the OPEC meeting June 26 will probably boost gold's value further.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Opening Monday	SAMA rate	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.40	3.40	3.40
Pound Sterling	7.15	7.22	7.22
Deutsche Mark (100)	179.00	180.75	180.40
Swiss F (100)	199.00	200.00	199.60
French F (100)	77.00	78.00	77.90
Italian Lira (1000)	4.00	4.05	4.04
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	104.75	104.75
Syrian Lira (100)	—	77.00	87.50
Egyptian Pound	—	4.55	4.70
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	12.26	12.26
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.15	11.15
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	89.00	88.80
Qatari Riyal (100)	—	90.75	90.60
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.90	8.90
Iranian Riyal (100)	—	—	—
Iraqi Dinar	—	—	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	75.00	74.75
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	78.00	87.50
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	42.25
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	—	34.55
Gold kg	—	30,800	—
10 Tolas bar	—	3,610	—
Silver kg bar	—	—	—
Japanese yen (100)	1.55	—	—
Canadian dollar	2.90	—	—
Belgian franc (10)	1.12	—	—
Dutch guilder	1.64	—	—

SAMA rates announced by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency, based on average rates on the London money market and the official price of the U.S. dollar.

Cash and transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah. Tel.: 23815

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Municipality of Medina	Securing of heavy equipment	4	50	July 14
" " "	Securing of furniture	5	30	July 14
Municipality of Tabuk	Renting out of the Casino building in Tabuk	—	—	July 3
" " "	Securing of oils and servicing of municipality's vehicles and machinery	—	30	July 7
College of Internal Security Force	Maintaining of the telephone exchange	—	30	June 16
" " "	Repairs to the swimming pool	—	100	June 30
Ministry of the Interior, Dept. of Public Security	Supplying and operating of meters	10/99/1400	100	June 19

"Spoil yourself!
You've earned a golden holiday in the Far East"

from only SR 3300 inclusive

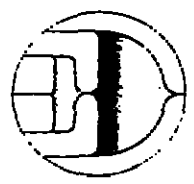
Malaysian Airline System offers you the choice of five Golden Holidays in the Far East. And they're available right now!

Choose a 2 city, 3 city, or 4 city holiday to places you've always dreamed of seeing... exciting Bangkok, bustling Hong Kong, friendly Manila, cosmopolitan Singapore, and other exotic cities

and countries that will please your pocket as they give you so many pleasurable moments to treasure for years to come.

These wonderful 10 to 15 day Golden Holidays are available now! ... from only SR 3300 including MAS jet flights, sightseeing tours, superb meals, and first-class hotels. Contact MAS or your local travel agent for full details now.

mas
A gift of Gold.



REDEC PLAZA BUILDING MEDINA ROAD JEDDAH TEL: 48880/35312/35298

POTAIN PUTS YOU ON TOP

Potain is the very pinnacle of today's crane technology. As the world's leading tower crane, Potain's superb engineering quality means reliability and safety on-site always.

Buy a Potain self-erecting or tower crane from GCC and you get guidance from Potain experts permanently based at all GCC branches — that means direct access to professional assistance right through from erection to operation and maintenance. Available ex-stock at all GCC branches, Potain cranes are backed up by comprehensive parts and service Kingdomwide.

SELF ERECTING CRANE
Up to 1500 Kg at 40 M Radius.
Static, Rail Travelling or Self-Propelled
Max height under hook 32.8 M.

TOWER CRANE Up to 4500 Kg at 65 M Radius.
(Max Load 20,000 Kg at 17.8 M)
Max height under hook (rail-travelling version) 74.5 M.

MOULAYAN GENERAL CONTRACTING COMPANY. GCC

AL KHOBAR PO Box 366 Tel: 42733 Telex: 670919 OLAYAN SJ

RIYADH PO Box 967 Tel: 68844 Telex: 201365 OSHCOR SJ

JEDDAH PO Box 1227 Tel: 59555 Telex: 401424 OSHCOU SJ

BURAIDAH PO Box 147 Oseim Buraidah Tel: 3234505

KUWAIT PO Box Safat 1096 Tel: Shuwaikh 5353607 Telex: 981577

Alahmedi 981577 Telex: 2279 GTE KT

arab news

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER

Chairman & Director General: HISHAM A. HAFIZ
Editor in Chief: MOHAMMAD A. HAFIZ
Senior Editor: A.S. TADROS
Managing Editor: FAROUK LUJMAN
Asst. Gen. Manager: ROBERT JURJIDINI

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4558
TEL: 34062-26708-30213 CABLE: MARADNEWS
TELEX: 401570 ARANEWS SJ JEDDAH
RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAHBI BUILDING NO. 2, 4TH FLOOR,
APT 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 38272-30480 TELEX: 501660, CABLE: ARANEWS
TELEX: 501660 MARAD SJ
EASTERN REGION OFFICE: ABDULLAH FOUAD CENTER ABDUL AZIZ STREET
10th FLOOR SUITE 1003 AL-KHOSBAR TEL: 42991-48520-46618
MIDDLE EAST OFFICES: EGYPT: 31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINET
AL-KHAYMA, AIN HELWAN, AIN HELWAN, CAIRO TEL: 818382
LEBANON: SANAYIN EL GHANEM BLDG., P.O. BOX 8888
BEIRUT, LEBANON, TEL: 547090 TELEX: 20649
LONDON OFFICE: 67 GOUGH SQUARE, FLEET STREET,
LONDON EC 4A 3D J. TEL: 853-4413/4/5/6 TELEX: 889272 ARAB NEWS
EUROPEAN OFFICES: SWITZERLAND: 8 PLACE DU MOLARD, GENEVA,
SWITZERLAND, TEL: 211711 TELEX: 289005 BARE. P.O. BOX 795 1211 GENEVA 3
U.S. OFFICES: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 961-0245
TELEX: 780209 ARANEWS HOU
WASHINGTON, D.C.: 329 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 638-7183, TELEX: 440886 SAUDI U
JAPAN OFFICE: BABA 2.12.10, TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.
TEL: (045) 573-8816 TELEX J 47898 UNULQURA, CABLE: UNULQURA

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: \$8.300 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED
INTERNATIONALS: \$10.000 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED
Printed at Al-Madina Printing and Publishing Co., Jeddah.

SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES



TIHAMA

FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

HEAD OFFICE: Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Ministry of
Foreign Affairs Circle, P.O. Box 5455 Tel. 40000 — 20 Lines
Cable: TIHAMA, JEDDAH Telex: 401205 TIHAMA SJ
MECCA BRANCH: Sitten Street, Dahlawi Building, P.O. Box 1074
Tel. 35023 — 32709 Cable, TIHAMA, Mecca
RIYADH BRANCH: Airport Street, Behind the American Mission,
P.O. Box 4587 Tel. 4780394 — 88207 Cable, TIHAMA, RIYADH
Tel. 201305 TIHAMA RSJ
DAMMAM BRANCH: Ibn Khaldoun District, Al Dahran Street
Bughan Building, Seventh Floor, P.O. Box No. 2656,
Tel.: 32555 — 20434, Cable TIHAMA Damman.
LONDON BRANCH: 76 Shoe Lane, London EC 4A 3JB,
Tel.: 01 353 8859 & 6826

LEBANESE SALVATION

The deployment of Lebanese army regulars in two of Beirut's hottest war zones is one of the more encouraging developments in Lebanon for a long while.

During the civil war and the subsequent clashes between right-wing militias and Syrian troops of the Arab Deterrent Force, Ain Rummaneh and Furn Al-Shubbak earned a notorious reputation as rightist enclaves and as areas totally out of bounds to anyone except the marauding militias and the few residents who had nowhere to turn for escape. The entry of the Lebanese army to these neighborhoods becomes all the more commendable for giving the non-military residents their first chance to emerge from a war atmosphere that has cast its ugly spell and resulted in innumerable social and moral problems that will require a long time to solve.

Although the deployment of the army was the result of an internal conflict between rival militias of the Lebanese Front, it is a precedent that must be followed up by similar moves that would bring the whole of the country under government control, perhaps for the first time. The largest portion of Lebanon is still under the control of private groups and gangs and if the situation is allowed to continue it will become even more difficult for the state to impose its authority.

With the exception of the southern part of the country, the atmosphere in the rest of Lebanon, while not exactly healthy, appears relatively ready for a government step. The growing struggle for power between the rightist groups and their scramble for influence and prominence have to a large extent neutralized these groups as a military threat to the Lebanese army — but to no other military force.

With a tribal mentality, the right-wing militias have shown a tendency to bury the hatchet and turn against any "outside" threat, which in the past has been the Palestinians or the Syrian forces, and they have justified their actions by portraying the Syrians and the Palestinians as "aliens". With the Lebanese army, however, the argument carries little substance, especially when that army is of no political or religious color, as the rebuilt army is by the admission of all factions in Lebanon.

While the situation allows for some optimism, it is in no way a foregone conclusion that the government of President Sarkis will not falter. After all, it is just learning to steady itself after almost total paralysis, and as such, the risk is very real.

It is hoped that President Sarkis will not only remain aloof from factional and regional allegiances, but follow up his actions regardless of the risks and demonstrate to Lebanon and the Lebanese that salvation starts at home.

Nuclear weapons: Enough is enough

By Richard Harwood

On Aug. 6, 1945, at 8:15 in the morning, an American air crew dropped an atomic bomb on Hiroshima, a city with a civilian population of 245,000 people.

The bomb weighed 9,000 pounds. It was a fearful thing. It killed outright approximately 100,000 men, women and children. Roughly the same number died later from injuries, burns and radiation.

The historian John Toland has described one of the scenes: "... 350 young girls from the girls commercial school had been working in an empty lot... They wore blue Mompei (pajamas) and jackets but no hats or fire hoods, and those who turned, curious, toward the (flash) — almost 300 of them — were instantly dead. Twelve-year-old Miyoko Matsubara's instinct was to bury her face in her arms. She regained consciousness in unimaginable desolation — no people, no buildings — only limitless rubble. Where were her Mompei? All she had around her waist was a white cloth belt and it was on fire... She started to beat out the flames with her right hand, but to her horror she saw stripes of skin, her skin, dangling from it."

One of the American crewmen, Capt. Robert Lewis, saw the explosion from 31,000 feet, he cried out: "My God, what have we done?"

They had done quite a lot, although the bomb they dropped was a "toy" compared with the 1979 models. It had a "yield" or explosive force, of 13,000 tons of TNT.

American young pilots today, most of whom were not born in 1945, could fly over Leningrad some morning and with a single bomb, exploded 3,000 feet, kill perhaps 900,000 people and seriously injure another 1,225,000. It would create winds of a velocity of 470 miles an hour — far greater than any hurricane. These winds would hurl people through the air at high speeds, smashing them into buildings. Air pressures from the explosion would strike houses with the force of 180 tons.

All that from one bomb. It would have a yield of .one million tons of TNT, and even that is not an especially large bomb as weapons are measured these days. The Russians some years ago built one with a yield of 100 million tons of TNT.

Americans and Russians now have in their arsenals thousands of these weapons, their combined yield is measured in billions of tons of TNT, an explosive potential that is beyond comprehension. It is equal to several thousand tons of TNT for every man, woman and child on the face of the earth.

As the terrible arsenals have grown larger and larger over the years, people have argued that enough is enough, that since the United States and the Soviet Union can destroy one another, there is no need to continue the race with death.

Robert McNamara, in effect, made this argument a decade ago when he was secretary of defense. He had an acronym for the situation: MAD. It stood for "mutual assured destruction," which meant the ability of either the United States or the USSR to respond to any attack in such a devastating way that no attack would be worthwhile. This was an echo of Nikita Khrushchev's remark that in a nuclear war the "survivors would envy the dead."

For 10 years "Strategic Arms Limitation Talks" (SALT) have gone on between the United States and the Soviet Union. The first agreements — SALT I — were reached in 1972. They included temporary limits on offensive weapons and a treaty sharply limiting the construction of anti-missile defenses on the theory that a country with an effective defense against missiles might be encouraged to start a war.

The second round of the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT II) has been under way for six years and has produced a treaty that President Carter and Soviet Communist Party leader Leonid Brezhnev sign in Vienna Monday.

The treaty, which must be approved by the U.S. Senate, would achieve two major objectives.

First, it establishes ceilings on the number and type of missiles and long-range bombers each side can have. That number is 2,400 until 1981. Thereafter the number would be 2,250.

Second, the treaty commits both countries to begin a third round of talks (SALT III) that might produce further limitations on these weapons.

The SALT debate in the Senate is likely to go on for months. It will be filled with the jargon of the nuclear age — megatons, throw weights, and all the acronyms invented.

"It will get into questions of first strikes and civil defense and foreign policy and defense policy and who is No. 1 in the world."

Much of this will have nothing to do with the terms of the SALT II treaty. It will deal with the questions of Soviet intentions, America's place in the world and the diplomatic uses of nuclear might.

But the central facts of the treaty can be understood by any one: — It is not a disarmament agreement, although it holds out an ephemeral hope for arms reductions in the SALT III negotiations that would follow.

— It allows the United States to make up any military deficiencies it may now have and gives no new advantages to the Russians.

— It contributes to the spirit, if not the reality, of détente, which simply means civil relationships between the United States and the Soviet Union.

Some years ago a legislator arose in the Kentucky House of Representatives to urge approval of a bill. "This," he said, "is the best legislation you will consider this year. It don't help nobody, and it don't hurt nobody."

In a cynical sense, the SALT II treaty is that kind of product. It will not lift from mankind the dreadful specter of bloated nuclear arsenals.

But it does establish the principle that at some point enough is enough. And it provides the link for future parleys at which future negotiators may decide that enough is really too much, and that it is time to get rid of some of these weapons.

You can't eat 14 billion tons of explosives. — (WP)



Oil greed now, war tomorrow

By William Keegan

LONDON —

The West this month faces its biggest test of international economic cooperation since the aftermath of the Second World War. The signs are that it is not measuring up to that test. If it cannot do so during the next two weeks of intensive economic summitry, please don't shoot the messengers.

We have entered an uneasy transitional phase, during which aspirations for unlimited economic growth are giving way to a desperate struggle for survival. But countries' actions are prompted by a confusion between the old and the new assumptions. The result is potentially extremely nasty: West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, has publicly voiced what many privately fear: that wars could be set off by the mad mercantilist scramble for oil now taking place.

An unpleasant omen has already appeared in the curiously underplayed results of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) in Manila. That high-powered gathering of rich, poor and developing nations was a great disappointment, illustrating that the world economic environment is now so tough that ambitious new schemes for helping the lot of the poor are, politically, just not on.

The focus of the crisis is on the boards outside every petrol station: the price of oil. The scenario is easily summarized: a world economy founded on cheap fossil fuels shrugged aside the warnings from Club of Rome and others about limitations on resources at the turn of the decade; acknowledged a problem when oil prices quintupled in 1973-74; then proceeded to hope the problem would go away.

It was conceded that scarcer oil meant a higher real price, pointing to conservation measures on the demand side and the development of substitutes on the supply side. What actually happened was that oil consumption carried on apace: development of substitutes was hampered by the well known ecological and technical problems attached to nuclear fuel, and by the fact that you can't run your car on nuclear fuel (yet).

Sophisticated analysts, assuming all sorts of developments save

Ham-handed reforms in Afghanistan

By Jonathan Randal

KABUL —

When the Marxist government of Afghanistan held a fireworks display to celebrate the first anniversary of its revolutionary rule last April, the first explosions caught Kabul residents off guard.

Some drivers abandoned their cars in the middle of the street while others telephoned friends announcing that the long-promised counter-revolution had started.

In fact, the heavy display of armaments on the city streets — tanks, armored personnel carriers, army trucks and soldiers — made sure that rebels had no chance to create the disturbances they had been promising for weeks from their bases in Pakistan.

The only disturbance during the celebrations took the form of two small explosions that Afghan leader Nur Muhammad Taraki somewhat unconsciously tried to pass off at a news conference as sonic booms from jet planes flying overhead.

From the looks of banners and slogans all over town, Afghan loyalty to the government can scarcely be questioned.

Yet residents here tell about activities in the hours after U.S. Ambassador Adolph Dubs was assassinated Feb. 14 that paint a different picture.

The assassination convinced many Afghans that the counter-revolution had started. Down came the red bunting from many buildings, one foreigner recalled. Off came the Khalq Party's red star insignia from army caps and uniforms and the plastic badges signifying party membership from suits and dresses.

Taraki explained in a news conference that he personally decries the practice of putting up red cloth: a printed with his portrait in shops all over the city. The portraits, incidentally, make the 62-year-old leader look remarkably like Clark Gable playing Rhett Butler in "Gone With the Wind."

the time-honored recurrence of disasters, forecast an energy crisis in the mid-1980s. There was a disaster in Iran. There is an energy crisis now.

The Iranian outbacks were perfectly timed. The worst northern hemisphere winter for 16 years had boosted demand for oil; so had a short burst of faster economic growth in many western countries.

Countries and companies are scrambling to rebuild stocks, as demonstrated in the U.S. administration's effective \$5-a-barrel subsidy for imports of oil, and heated bidding by West Germany, Japan, South Africa and Israel (to name but 200 million people) in the Rotterdam spot market.

Ritual incantations against the spirits of Rotterdam are pointless. Insofar as the worldwide spot market has a center at all, it could be in Tangier, Bangkok or anywhere. There are strong economic forces at work driving the price of oil up; the only question is whether demand will be cut back by a very severe recession, or by sensible policies of adjustment, which themselves imply a mild recession.

Every 10 to 15 per cent rise in the price of oil is reckoned to knock 1/2 per cent off world output growth. Movements in the spot markets tend inevitably to be reflected in OPEC contract prices, which have been moving up for some time. Economists believe the price of oil will be at least 50 per cent higher by the end of this year than at end-1978.

The major consuming countries have a choice. They can either carry on making pious noises about conservation while behaving anarchistically in the market place for oil. Or they can get together and make an ordered response to the fact that the real price of oil has risen, and is likely to go on rising.

At the Strasbourg summit, the EEC heads of government have a chance to bury their differences, make a "European" contribution, and go forward to the Tokyo economic summit the following week with an agreed position on making a real 5 per cent cutback in oil consumption.

The U.S., it is to be hoped, will do the same, although we all know the constitutional and leadership problems. I am not, frankly, very hopeful of the chances, but the effort has got to be made. (OFNS)

His denial of any personality cult — despite constant references to him as "great leader of the revolution" or occasionally as "genius writer" for his poetry — lacked the ring of total conviction.

Indeed, a visitor who sought to buy a cloth Taraki portrait from a friendly shoemaker was told it was impossible. "The party types obliged us to buy one and we have to display it," he explained.

A morality tale shown on television the other night illustrated the new order's accent on youth in a land traditionally deferential to elders.

A sick man lay in bed ministered by a money-grabbing Mullah. Suddenly, like Superman, a young member of the ruling Khalq (masses) Party appeared clad in red shirt and pants and accompanied by an armed soldier. The young savior attacked the Mullah.

Whatever the salutary message intended, the playlet was beamed solely into the homes of the middle class who alone can afford the new-fangled sets and quite probably are impervious to such exhortations.

The Khalq Party has rushed through land reform with more speed than preparation. Since the new year, some 700,000 acres have been distributed to 180,000 families and twice as much land will be handed out if the authorities are to be believed.

The Soviets are said willing to pay the bill for the party's speed, which apparently is a fraction of its own compulsion to "do something" to win popular backing in the face of growing rebellion in the countryside.

But haste makes waste. Neither seeds nor fertilizer were provided. No adequate land ownership surveys were done so that some recipients have been returning their deeds.

In any case, insecurity in much of the countryside and ham-handed reforms have combined to make major development schemes impractical for the time being. (WP)

saudi press review

"So far it seems the new Canadian government has not changed its mind about moving its embassy from Tel Aviv to Jerusalem," said "Al-Madina".

"This issue has already been debated by the Islamic foreign ministers conference in Fez which means that if Prime Minister Joe Clark does carry out his election pledge, the Islamic countries will take a unanimous counteraction and this has been pointed out by Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal."

Among other things, "the paper said, "the Islamic world should suspend all economic relations with Canada in the event Clark moves the embassy to Jerusalem in defiance to Muslim feelings and international public opinion. There should be no dealing of any kind with Canadian companies, and we should escalate the boycott to such an extent that other states may not be tempted to follow Canada's example."

"Jerusalem is a special case and should be kept above cheap political ploys and election pledges to win votes. Canada is the first country that is trying to scoff at the Arabs but should also be prepared to pay the price for such action which will be the total loss of Canadian interests in the Arab and Muslim Worlds."

"If the Lebanese government continues to assert its authority, it will go a long way towards consolidating its power in that war-torn country," according to "Al-Bilad".

"This has been proved by the readiness with which the Lebanese army marched into downtown Beirut to stop the fighting between rightist groups. This indicates that the army and the government can have an even bigger role in the stabilization of the country. This is a political mandate which the country is waiting for the government to take up and bring about peace and reconciliation."

tion that have eluded the people for so long and at such great cost in lives, property and peace."

"The government and the army should take the opportunity to reassert their authority given the international climate that calls for the restoration of legality and supports the regime while condemning Israeli aggression and persistent attempts to destabilize the country."

"Al-Nadwa" viewed the summit meeting in Vienna with anxiety "Due to the anticipated concessions that the Soviet Union may make to please the United States and wrest some concessions from it, at the expense of the Arabs." "The American objective is to neutralize Soviet opposition to the Camp David accords and the Egyptian peace agreement with Israel. This would strengthen Carter's position and image and will win the Soviet Union more commercial benefits. The Soviet Union is likely to go along because

the Middle East area is no longer as crucial to them as it used to be now that they have a vast beachhead in Africa.

"Furthermore, Soviet reluctance to give their Arab friends the advanced weapons they asked for is another indication of the type of concessions they are willing to make to the United States.

"What should worry Arabs more at this stage is not what the Soviet Union might or might not do as much as the possible agreement of both sides to corner the Arabs and put them on the shelf."

"It is all right for Carter and Brezhnev to talk about solving regional problems peacefully, fight racism and boost the development of poor countries and eliminate injustice," "Okaz" said, "but we defer with them over the practical steps that are taken to achieve these noble ends particularly with regard to the Arab-Israeli conflict which resulted from Israeli action to dis-

place a whole nation, occupy its country and go on to occupy the lands of three other Arab states."

"Israel, supported by the Soviet Union and the United States, has flouted international public opinion, violated human rights and continues to do so with apparent impunity."

"If the two superpowers are serious about solving such problems they must realize the nature of the conflict and take steps to put an end to Israeli aggression and force it to concede the rights of the Palestinian people — the first step towards an acceptable settlement in the middle East."

"Al-Jadrah" said the Security Council "is no longer qualified to preserve world peace and security."

"In its present form which makes it totally subservient to the big powers, the council has been instrumental in bringing disaster to the people of the Third World because of the big powers' scramble for their resources."



—What will you want him to become if it is a boy? a doctor or teacher?
—Either a policeman like his father or a copper driver.
—Al-Jadrah

One thousand and one delights at Kilo 14



Welcome: owners Hamad and Kritiz Tayeb, with doorman Bahs

By Jack Lundin

JEDDAH—The son of a king's retainer and the bus-driver's daughter from Scotland sat at table number 1 and marvelled at their creation: a restaurant of soft lights and green and crimson drapes within a massive tent of hand-woven goat and camel hair. Truly the latest spectacle in a land of one thousand and one spectacles.

What is noteworthy about the

style, given to disappearing into the Bedouin souk and returning with buys that sometimes do and sometimes don't meet with Kritiz's approval, he took, she says, "a lot of persuading" before he accepted the idea of a Bedouin-style tent for a luxury restaurant.

"To a Saudi, anything Arabic is not civilized and must be done away with," says Kritiz, who has strong feelings on what she describes as "the invasion of European Customs" and the harm

expedition to Syria to track down one of the world's last surviving craftsmen capable of taking on the gigantic task of weaving the heavy dark-brown tent.

They found the tentmaker, Shafik Al-Halabi, in a tiny shop in the old souk in Damascus. "When we told him the size we wanted he was dazed," says Hamad. "He had never heard of a tent so big. He asked for a night to sleep on it."

The next morning Halabi agreed to do the job — for SR80,000. It would, he estimated, take eight months (in fact it took just over 12). Halabi and his family laboriously created the great cloth in their tiny workshop, in two and three-meter sections. These were stitched into larger portions, which finally trundled into Jeddah aboard two lorries, together with written instructions from the old tentmaker for the tent's assembly — and a bundle of fearsome 12-inch needles for stitching the last sections together.

This painstaking — indeed often painful — task was again taken on by the stoic Hamad, with the help of one of his laborers, "Sheikh Muhammad." Using white braiding strips, it took two solid days to do the roof, assembling the entire tent took a month.

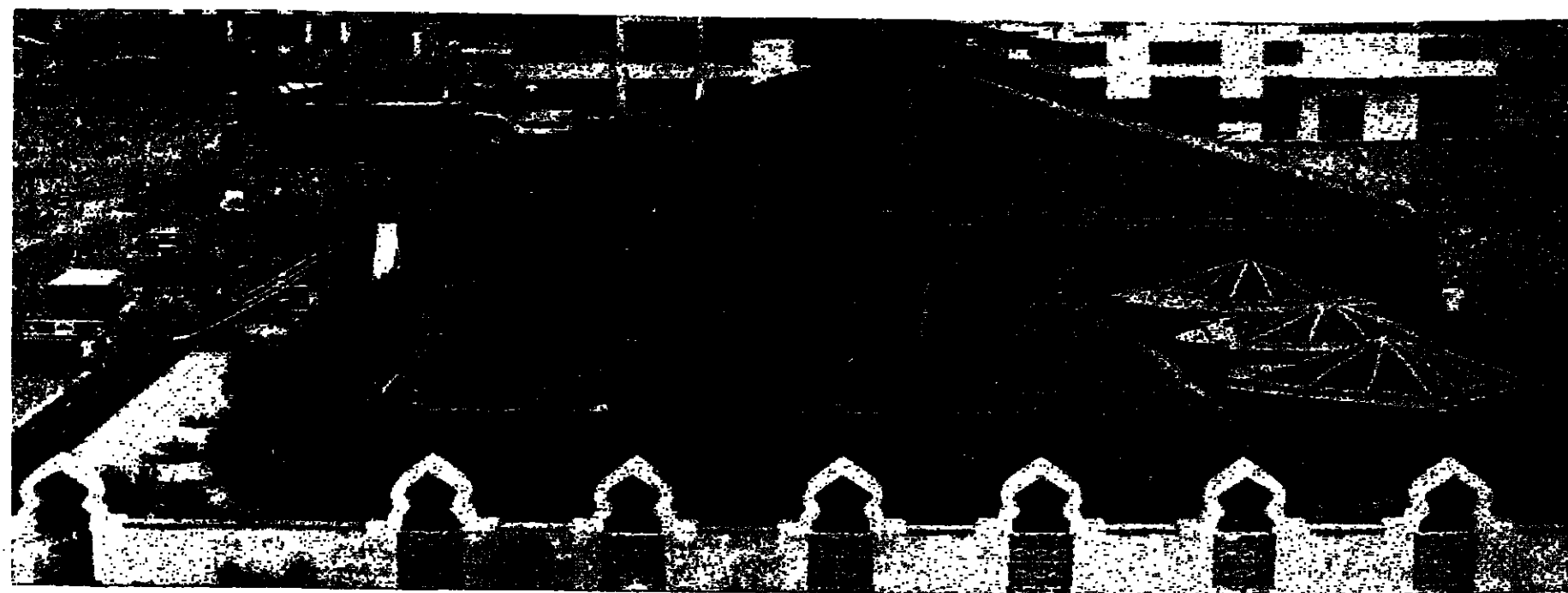
The Arabian Nights restaurant was opened in all its glory by Jeddah's mayor, Muhammad Said Farisi, on June 5. Not, understandably, without its moments of anguish. The day before the opening Kritiz and Hamad realized they had forgotten all about food trolleys. Salim, the carpenter who found the discarded antique lamps in Mecca, who built all the restaurant's furniture, who clad the central concrete core with mahogany veneer, toiled on the trolleys almost up to the moment the first guests arrived. He then retired to his house suffering from nervous exhaustion and has not been seen since.

Kritiz took things very much in her stride. After all, at Gobbles they were still painting the chairs on opening night and one fell apart in her hands as she pulled it out for a guest. After that, nothing could throw her.

They sited the Arabian Nights, somewhat unfortunately in retrospect, 14 kilometers outside town, on the Medina road. The strategy, as Kritiz explains, was that the place for a Bedouin tent was the desert. So the site was, three-and-a-half years ago, flanked at a suitable distance only the Kodak laboratory and the dust-spewing cement factory. But now the tentacles of the city have reached out and the great tent is pitched, a trifle out of place, amid a cluster of squat and ugly new apartment buildings.

Since the opening night, things have been settling down at the Arabian Nights. More or less. There are 15 chefs in the kitchens — Tunisians, Lebanese, Sudanese, Egyptians and Saudis — all presided over by an Irishman named Tom Hutchinson from Kilkenny, who arrived in the Kingdom just a week before the big night. Marshalling his forces of an evening at the Arabian Nights, resident in full morning suit, he is a fine figure of a man.

He's already had one full-scale strike in the kitchens to deal with. "Teething problems? More like severe toothache," he says. The trouble, it seems, lies in a clashing of temperaments among the expectedly temperamental chefs. The multinational aspect of the complement, it seems, does not help matters.



The Arabian Nights restaurant: the tent's roof weighs six tons

The amazing energy of the honeybee

By Bernd Heinrich

It "Mister Tom," as the staff call him, wasn't too happy with his chefs, Kritiz Tayeb wasn't too happy with Hamad. His antique-hunting excursion to the souk that morning had diverted to a modern warehouse, where he had placed a large order for a mass of stainless steel modernity, as well as a couple of dozen cruet sets, heavy and clearly extremely expensive lead crystal.

Despite all this, the evening was going well. The place was packed and everyone seemed to be enjoying themselves. The waiters in their gold-embroidered kaftans and white turbans kept the food flowing, staggering under trays of such traditional Saudi dishes as Kabsah (whole lamb served on a bed of rice), or Kritiz's own Egyptian favorite, Molochia (SR30), number 31 on the menu which described it as "a tasty green vegetable dish, the making of which is portrayed in Pharaonic tomb paintings." For the more timid

BERKELEY, Calif. — One pound of clover honey results from 10 years of labor by one bee, and the visitation and pollination of about 10 million flowers. Bees use fascinating strategies to harvest honey — the basis of their energy economy. Can we learn useful lessons from their example?

Some species, such as honeybees and stingless bees, communicate and act aggressively to acquire their energy resources. Others, like bumblebees, use individual initiative and foraging skill. In some bee species we see labor organization analogous to a communist society; in others, division of labor results from a process like that described by Adam Smith for a capitalist society. In order to reconcile this diversity, we have to examine each species in its own environment.

Honeybees originated in the Old World tropics. Their unique communication system involves a symbolic dance language that indicates food location to colony mates. This allows them to help harvest rich resources concentrated at specific locations, such as isolated massively flowering trees. Efficient communication makes it possible to combine efforts and to cover-power and plunder weaker colonies. In the tropical stingless bees, this aggression is a way of life. Some of these bees have even lost the ability to forage from flowers; they live exclusively by robbing others.

Bumblebees, on the other hand, are temperate — and Arctic-adapted creatures. The flowers in their native environments are small, diffusely scattered in all directions, and they offer only minute rewards. Using aggression to control feeding areas would be a wasteful strategy for them. Since it does not pay to fight for meager resources, bumblebees have evolved great speed and skill in foraging. They are able to visit flowers twice as quickly as honeybees, and because of their remarkable physiology they are able to forage at low temperatures where no other insects are able to fly. Their colony economy thus rests on individual initiative.

Bumblebee colonies are annual, started anew each spring by a lone queen that has hibernated underground through the winter. There is no need for large-scale storage of honey; instead of saving for the future, they immediately use their profits to produce offspring.

The great variety of bee flowers demands the abilities to recognize, to discriminate, and to manipulate. Some flowers provide only pollen, some yield only nectar, and still others yield both in varying amounts. After a bee has learned to associate the appearance of a particular flower with a suitable reward, it must behave appropriately: To get nectar from tubular flowers, the bees have to pry apart the lips of the stiff corolla tube; to find the nectar in monkshood flowers they must land on the anthers and crawl upward to two receptacles hidden in the top of the flower; to get the pollen from the tubular anthers of bittersweet flowers the bees must hang upside down from the flower and shake it in violent buzzing, and then pick up the pollen as it drops onto their abdomen.

Many solitary bees (species that do not form societies) have "solved" this problem by being active only during the season when a particular flower blooms. This is impossible for social bees, such as bumblebees, which must rely on a progression of different flowers blooming throughout the long colony cycle; the bees must be born unspecialized.

The bumblebee's solution is that individuals learn and specialize as a result of their experience.

Although no single bee is able to master with skill all of the flowers available, the colony collectively taps the resources from the most rewarding flowers available. In addition, different bees have different tongue lengths, so each is best suited to extract nectar from certain flowers.

The colony's division of labor is not achieved by any plan. Individuals, acting independently, maximize their profits by going to the richest food source that they can find. On their first half-dozen foraging trips, they sample most of the flowers available and then specialize on those with the richest remaining rewards.

When first encountering complex flowers, inexperienced bees

sometimes do not find the food rewards offered, and then sample the next kind of flower. However, if they manage to collect some food, they remain faithful to the flower where they experienced success, and are thus rewarded because their handling proficiency increases with experience; they become "experts."

The process works in reverse: Flowers have been manipulating bees' behavior to suit their own purposes of pollination. The ancestors of bees were wasp-like creatures that, about 100 million years ago, switched from predatory habits to eating pollen for their protein.

What was in the early stages of evolution an exploitation by the bees became a mutual interdependence: The plants, rather

than being mere victims of the bee's pollen robbery, turned it to their advantage. They modified their flowers so that the bees would transport pollen for cross-pollination. They further encouraged the bee's attention by secreting nectar; sweet scents and colorful petals were added for advertisement.

Since biblical times, man has thought (and still thinks) that bees demonstrated superior industry or organization that he might mimic. The many solutions seen in nature contain analogies to the strategies of other species, including those of humans. Because of this, we will undoubtedly continue to read our customs and ideas into nature, and will attempt to find confirmation for them in the "natural" order. — (SP)

Third World smoking threat

By Lindsay Mackie

LONDON — The heavy selling techniques of cigarette manufacturers in increasing sales in developing countries have been strongly criticised in a new World Health Organization report on the growing smoking "epidemic."

The report finds that the smoking rate in the Third World constitutes a major health problem which will grow, unless steps are taken to control it, within 30 years to the smoking levels of industrialized nations. Governments are urged by the report, produced by members of European, Asian and African countries, to put the interests of public health before

those of private tobacco enterprise. The report says that "the international tobacco industry's irresponsible behaviour, and its massive advertising and promotional campaigns are, in the opinion of the committee, direct causes of a substantial number of unnecessary deaths."

The WHO report will be limited in its effects by its obvious inability to enforce any of its recommendations — which include regarding non-smoking as "normal social behaviour," prohibiting all forms of tobacco promotion, and eradicating smoking from certain industrial areas — and by the difficulty in transforming quickly an economy which depends on

tobacco for a major part of its funds.

Launching the report in Britain, Dr. Keith Ball, chairman of ASH (Action on Smoking and Health) said that cigarette manufacturers exported cigarettes to developing countries with twice the tar content acceptable in countries like Britain. Michael Daube, former ASH director and one of the authors of the report, said that the report differs from previous WHO reports in calling very firmly for legislative action on smoking. About \$ 2,000 million was spent annually in world-wide advertising of cigarettes and the cigarette manufacturers had to be faced "head-on," Daube said. — (G)



Silver handles and beaten brass: a shine for the entrance door

Arabian Nights is both the originality of its concept and the determination of its owners to see the project through over three-and-a-half daunting and physically back-breaking years. In a country where untold wealth is on an up to evoke instant extravaganzas, the story of their toil is thus more worthy of the telling.

Hamad Tayeb, a 36-year-old former aircraft mechanic with a Sudanese son for years ran the garages of the late King Abdul Aziz in Riyadh, where he had charge of the first cars in the Kingdom.

The old man ("he accepted me right away, we used to play omnis together," says Hamad's wife Kritiz) died 18 months ago, aged 85.

Kritiz Tayeb is 27 and she and Hamad have a three-year-old daughter, Sarah. Her father drives a Mercedes in Stirling, and Kritiz left school at 17 to become a window-dresser at the Edinburgh ranch of Jaeger's, the clothing upstart. From Jaeger's she moved on to run Gobbles, a ranch-style bistro in London's St. James's Park, and it was in London that she met Hamad, who is there studying.

For a year after their return to Saudi Arabia Kritiz lived the life of a bored housewife, before launching the Shaheen Indian restaurant in Jeddah six years ago.

One of the reasons the SR9.5 Billion Arabian Nights has taken 11 over one thousand days to complete is that, apart from a UK loan, the Tayeb's funded its construction bit-by-bit, from their savings at the Shaheen.

Although Hamad is by now well truly sold on the traditional

this has caused to the Kingdom's heritage.

Mind you, the race to jettison the old fittings from old houses and replace them with mass-produced and costly junk from the West came in handy for decking out the Arabian Nights. Salim, the Tayeb's Syrian carpenter, was refurbishing an old house in Mecca when he came across four or five enormous antique lamps which their owner had unceremoniously tossed into the dustbin.

The 625 square meter main tent is built around, and supported by, a central concrete core, off which seems a spray of steel girders, criss-crossing like the spokes of a giant buckled umbrella.

Trifles such as architects and weight and stress problems were not permitted to intrude upon the grandiose scheme of things. "We wanted it to have some atmosphere," explains Kritiz. "With architects things never turn out the way you want. I just sat down and did a little drawing — in fact it's turned out better than either of us thought."

Let's hope its six-ton roof stays up, that's all. Mind you, as Kritiz says, Hamad is very mechanically minded, what with the power-lane and airframe licence he got through Saudi and his experience keeping Dakotas, Boeing 720s and 707s in the air.

If Kritiz was the brains behind the restaurant's design, Hamad more than did his bit when it came to the construction. He built the entire place himself, with the help of just five laborers. It was Hamad who laid the cement for the foundations — leaving many pairs of shoes embedded in them in the process. It was Hamad who led the



Antique lamp over the fountain: saved from a Mecca dustbin expatriates there was Chateaubriand (SR99) and Tournedos Champignon (SR50).

The ducts from the central air-conditioning are cunningly concealed by delicately beaded lamps from Syria. But the ACs did their work. "Our only complaint is it's so cold," whined an American lady in a long flowered kimono, withdrawing with a clasp of bangles to take sweets and coffee, and to thaw out, in the adjoining garden terrace.

In the garden the air is rich with the scent of jasmine; water sprays merrily from a fountain topped by one of the abandoned lamps from Mecca. For those willing to pay an extra SR200 for the privilege, there are three small, opulent, air-conditioned tents for families and secretive businessmen.

All that was missing that night were the strains of the qanoun and the haunting naal. These had been arranged, but last-minute visa problems had temporarily bereft the Arabian Nights of its Egyptian musicians.

Not to worry. It's after midnight now and nearly all the guests have departed for the hazards of the obstacle course back to town. We might not have the naal and the Egyptian musicians but we do have David Smith, a New Zealander and chef at one of the Tayeb's other enterprises, a booming cafeteria in Saudi's training center, ascending the steps to the minstrel's gallery.

As the incense burns and the moon shines bright on the Arabian night the piano — a gift from a retiring American Saudi pilot — tinkles into life with a gay little lilt: Tom Jones and "The Green Grass of Home."

SAUDI COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL COMPANY

Exclusive distributor of

Thomson Ericsson Telephone Systems

SALE • INSTALLATION • MAINTENANCE



ERICSSON SYSTEMS FROM 2 TO 2000 EXTENSIONS

- ELECTROMECHANICAL TELEPHONE SYSTEMS
- ELECTRONIC TELEPHONE SYSTEMS
- ALL OTHER ELECTRIC WORKS

■ SCIC TEL: 59236, 56185
Telex: 401182 SJ BARED



NOT SO FAST: San Diego Padres' catcher Fred Kendall falls to the field after tagging out Chicago Cubs' Bill Buckner in the second inning of a game in Chicago last week. Buckner was out trying to score from second. Sunday, the Padres won, 8-5.

And 5 homers

Expos bury Astros on 24 hits

NEW YORK, June 18 (AP) — The National League East-leading Montreal Expos pasted six Houston Astros pitchers for 24 hits and five home runs and breezed to a 19-3 rout of the NL Westdivision leaders Sunday.

Five of the Montreal hits were home runs, two by veteran Tony Perez, who drove in four runs. The Expos pulled ahead 2-0 in the first inning, then broke loose for six runs in both the third and fourth innings to take a 14-1 lead.

Highlighting the Montreal fourth were consecutive home runs by Perez, Gary Carter and Ellis Valentine. Larry Parrish had the other home run for Montreal, while Art Howe hit a solo homer for the Astros.

Houston starter Joe Niekro, 10-3, took the loss, which ended his nine-game winning streak. Dan Schatzeder, 2-1, combined with relievers David Palmer and Rudy May to hold the Astros to eight hits.

Elsewhere in the National League, the New York Mets and Atlanta Braves were tied 1-1 when their game — delayed a total of two hours by rain — was suspended so that the New York players could catch a flight.

Bob Boone's two-run double started a six-run Philadelphia eighth inning and helped the Phillies to a 9-3 win over the Cincinnati Reds.

Major league home run leader Leader Dave Kingman drove in

two runs with his 23rd homer and pitcher Mike Krukow hit a two-run double to highlight a six-run first inning as the Chicago Cubs beat the San Diego Padres, 8-5.

Ed Whitson and Kent Tekulve combined on a two-hitter and Tim Lincecum in three runs as the Pittsburgh Pirates defeated the Los Angeles Dodgers, 5-1.

In San Francisco, Bill Madlock broke a tie with a run-scoring single in the eighth inning and Willie McCovey added a two-run single as the Giants downed the St. Louis Cardinals, 7-4.

In the American League, Detroit's new manager, Sparky Anderson, claimed his first AL victory in four tries as the Tigers upended the California Angels, 8-4. Jason Thompson's bases-loaded single in the eighth inning broke a 4-4 tie en route to the Detroit victory.

The red-hot Baltimore Orioles, the AL Eastern division leaders, got past the Minnesota Twins, 8-5, with Kiko Garcia driving in three runs with a double and a triple for the winners.

Jorge Orte smashed a bases-loaded triple and a double, and scored twice, to lead the Chicago White Sox to a 6-1 victory over the Boston Red Sox.

A two-run bases-loaded single by Alfredo Griffin, his fourth hit of the game, lifted the Toronto Blue Jays to a 10-9 win over the Oakland A's.

Kent, Somerset show form with decisive Sunday wins

LONDON, June 18 (R) — Kent and Somerset maintained their lead at the top of the English Sunday Cricket League with Yorkshire replacing Middlesex in third place.

Somerset, despite being without star West Indian batsman Viv Richards who is playing World Cup cricket, crushed in-form Essex by nine wickets.

Former England Test star Keith Fletcher made 51 not out in the meagre Essex total of 120 for nine off their 40 overs, and Somerset replied with 121 for one, skipper Brian Rose also hitting an undefeated half century.

West Indian all rounder John Shepherd blasted a fine 63 for

Kent against Gloucestershire to help his side reach 169 for eight. His innings included three sixes.

Gloucestershire were quickly in trouble against the spin of Derek Underwood who, with fellow spinner Graham Johnson took three wickets to steer Kent to an easy 62-run win.

Pakistanis Yousif Ahmed's brilliant 113, including three sixes and nine fours, was the highlight of Worcestershire's fine win over Middlesex at Lord's.

Porto triumphs in Portuguese soccer league

LISBON, June 18 (R) — Futebol Club do Porto won the Portuguese First Division championship Sunday at the end of a season in which it lost only one of its 30 league games.

Porto won the title for the second time in a row with 50 points with Benfica in second place with 49 points and Sporting third with 42.

Results of the 30th and last round:		
Vizela	1 Sporting	0
Belasenses	2 Famalicao	0
Beja	3 Beira Mar	2
Colubra	2 Guimaraes	2
Funchal	3 Estoril	0
Porto	4 Barense	1
Setubal	4 Boavista	1
Benfica	5 Vitoria	0

Switzerland
Geneva, June 18 (R) — Servette Geneva, already secure winner of the Swiss First Division, celebrated with champagne this weekend after defeating reigning champion Grasshoppers Zurich, 3-1.

Final matches take place next week but Servette is in an unsailable position with a four-point lead.

Results of weekend matches:

Championship Series:		
Servette	3 Grasshoppers	1
Young Boys	0 St. Gallen	0
Zurich	4 Basle	2

Relegation Series:		
Xamax	1 Lusitana	2
Nordstern	1 Chamois	1
Sion	1 Chiasso	1

Irwin wins his 2nd Open despite catastrophic finish

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 18 (AP) — Hale Irwin, grinding away with the intensity that has marked his rise to the pick of today's great golfers, fought his way to a front-running, four-over-par 75 in the final round Sunday and won his second United States Open championship.

Despite a disastrous finish, Irwin, 34, who won this famous golf title in 1974, captured the championship by two shots on a 72-hole total of 284, matching the elusive par on the windswept old Inverness Club course.

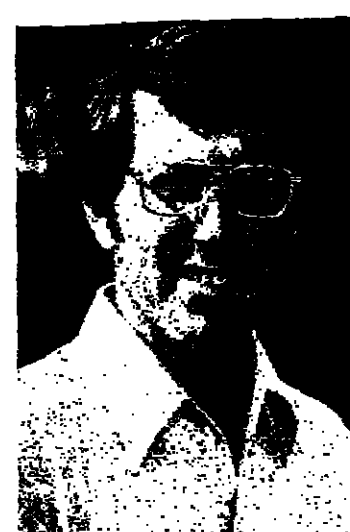
Although the wind, the narrow fairways and the undulating green demanded all the concentration and skill Irwin could muster, his task was made easier by the collapse of most of his challengers.

Irwin, who hadn't won in the United States since 1977, started the final round with a three-stroke advantage over Tom Weiskopf, who appeared ready to overtake him. But Weiskopf backed off with bogeys on his first two holes.

Then came Tom Purtzer, reeling off birdies on three of the first four holes, the last on a monster putt of 50 feet. Those heroics lifted him to within two strokes of the lead.

But Purtzer defeated himself. Under lowering skies, he bogeyed three holes in a row then tried to take the shortcut around the now-famous tree and down the 17th fairway as a chancey avenue to the eighth green. The gamble didn't work. He got in all sorts of trouble and eventually finished the hole with a double bogey seven that took him out of title contention.

The tree was planted Thursday night after Lon Hinkle discovered the shortcut.



IRWIN: Got there

Irwin made the turn with a bulging, six-shot lead.

He used up almost all of it. He appeared in command most of the way, taking a birdie when the opportunity arose, settling for the conservative bogey when he had to, and handling the front-running position with unquestioned authority and poise.

Little Red keeps title on late KO

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 18 (AP) — Danny "Little Red" Lopez knocked out No. 1 contender and hometown favorite Mike Ayala in the 15th round Sunday night to defend his World Boxing Council featherweight championship for the seventh consecutive time. Lopez pinned the dogged Ayala in the corner and decked him at 1:09 of the round with a combination of left and right to score his 39th knockout in 44 professional fights.

But a five-shot lead came apart on the last two holes.

Irwin drove behind a tree in the rough on the 17th, put his second in a trap, exploded across the green, chipped back and missed his first putt. It was a double bogey.

On the 18th, with South African Gary Player and Jerry Pate already finished at 286, Irwin needed only another double bogey to win it outright.

He made bogey instead, driving into the rough and hitting a bunker.

It wasn't an artistic finish but Irwin, roughened and tested by more than a decade on the PGA tour, did what he had to do.

It was the 11th American victory of Irwin's career, which began in 1968. He collected \$50,000 from the total purse of about \$350,000.

Pate, a former Open champion, and Player, who wants so desperately to take another American national championship to complete a second career sweep of golf's big four events, tied for second. Pate shot 72 despite two double bogeys that killed his hopes and Player closed with a 68.

Weiskopf, a former British Open champ and a four-time runner-up in the Masters, played with Irwin in the final group. He never really got back in it after the opening bogeys, and finished bogey-bogey for a 76. Deeply disappointed, he tied for fourth at 288.

With him were Larry Nelson and Bill Rogers. Nelson had a 73, Rogers a 72.

Australian David Garham was next at 73-289 and Purtzer finished at 290 after a 76.



EASY WINNER: Jane Blalock, who ran out six-strokes winner in the ladies golf event at Rochester Sunday.

Blalock cruises home in Rochester tourney

ROCHESTER, New York, June 18 (AP) — Jane Blalock fashioned a one-under-par 72 Sunday to run away with her fourth 1979 Ladies Professional Golf Association title by six strokes over tour youngster Alice Ritzman.

Blalock cruised to a 72-hole total of 280 with her fourth consecutive sub-par effort to pick up \$15,000 as winner's share of the \$100,000 event.

For Ritzman, 27, the second-place money of \$9,800 more than doubled her earnings this year. The second-year pro had never finished higher than sixth.

Vicki Ferguson, who gave Blalock her greatest challenge before fading on the 6,206-yard course, wound up alone in third with a four-day total of 288.

The 23-year-old Ferguson nearly equalled her earnings with the \$7,000 third prize. Ritzman shot 72 and Ferguson 74 while playing the final round with Blalock.

A COMPANY OF ENTERPRISE

We have been here for quite a while. Since 1947 in fact.

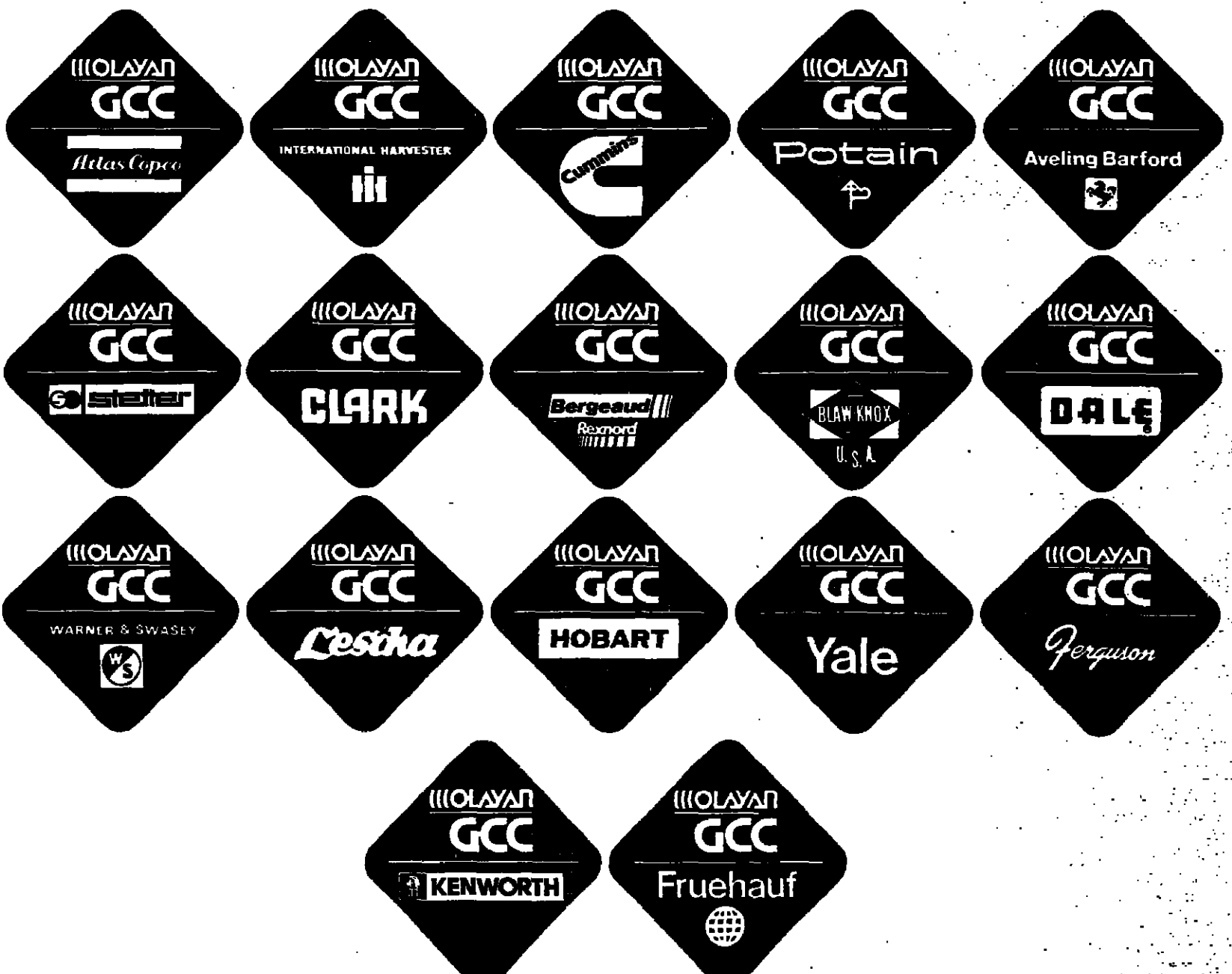
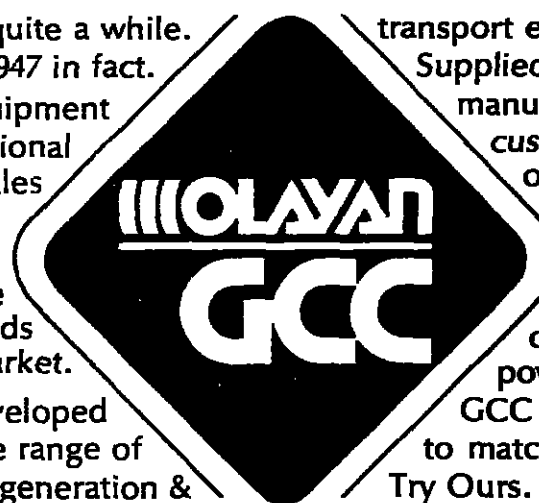
Long enough to supply equipment to most of the local and international contractors; to establish a sales and service network Kingdomwide. And to claim with confidence that we understand the needs of the market.

Over 30 years, GCC has developed the most comprehensive range of construction, power generation &

transport equipment in Saudi Arabia.

Supplied by some of the world's leading manufacturers, GCC's machines are custom-built to suit local conditions, often to our own exacting specification.

Whether your interest is in earthmoving, materials handling, construction, road building, power generation or transport, GCC has the equipment to match your enterprise. Try Ours.



OLAYAN GENERAL CONTRACTING COMPANY.

GCC
AL KHOBAR
PO Box 356
Tel: 42733
Telex: 670019
OLAYAN SJ

RIYADH
PO Box 967
Tel: 66644
Telex: 201365
OSHCOR SJ

JEDDAH
PO Box 1227
Tel: 53555
Telex: 401424
OSHCOR SJ

BURAIDAH
PO Box 147
Qassim Buraidah
Tel: 3234505

KUWAIT
PO Box Safat 1096
Tel: Shuwaikh 833380/1
Alahmadi 881577
Telex: 2279 GTE-KT



Symbol For Satisfaction at Home and Abroad Processors, Exporters



S. FAZALILAH & SONS
513, Qamar House, M. A. Jinnah Road,
P.O. Box No. 5605, Karachi 0216 (Pakistan)
Cable: PURIBROS. Telex: 2727 SFSKR PK
Phones: (021) 233179, 234446

Thaver 4-79

مكتبة من الأصل

U.S. rubber workers sign pact

AKRON, Ohio, June 18 (AP) — Uniroyal and Unifet Rubber Workers representatives reached tentative agreement on a new three-year contract Monday. Negotiations had lasted since Saturday. The intensive talks started after a tentative agreement was reached by the union and B.F. Goodrich in Washington Friday. The URW had struck Uniroyal May 9. Details of neither agreement were announced. Before the URW struck Uniroyal, union clerks were estimated at more than 10 per cent a year over three years. Average pay for rubber workers is presently about \$8 an hour. The strike at 11 Uniroyal plants has idled 8,300 workers. Employees of other large U.S. rubber firms — Goodrich, Goodyear and Firestone — have continued work under contract extensions.

[illegible]

Key:

SO = Selling Date	موعد البيع
AR = Arrived	الوصول
SAT = Sailed After Transit	ايجار بعد الوصول ترانزيت
PD IN = Passed in	مقبول
PD OUT = Passed Out	مخرج
ANC = Anchored Off	رسو

Cook anywhere ...anytime!



With the incredible Fire King Mini-Cooker.

This tiny can is a must for camping, picnics, fondues, at the beach or whenever the gas runs out at home.

Fire King is simple and safe to use, and cooks amazingly well.

Try one at your next party and keep another one handy for emergencies!



At your local supermarket or from Abudowood Trading Co.
Telephone: 56364 - Jeddah.



fire king

B.C.

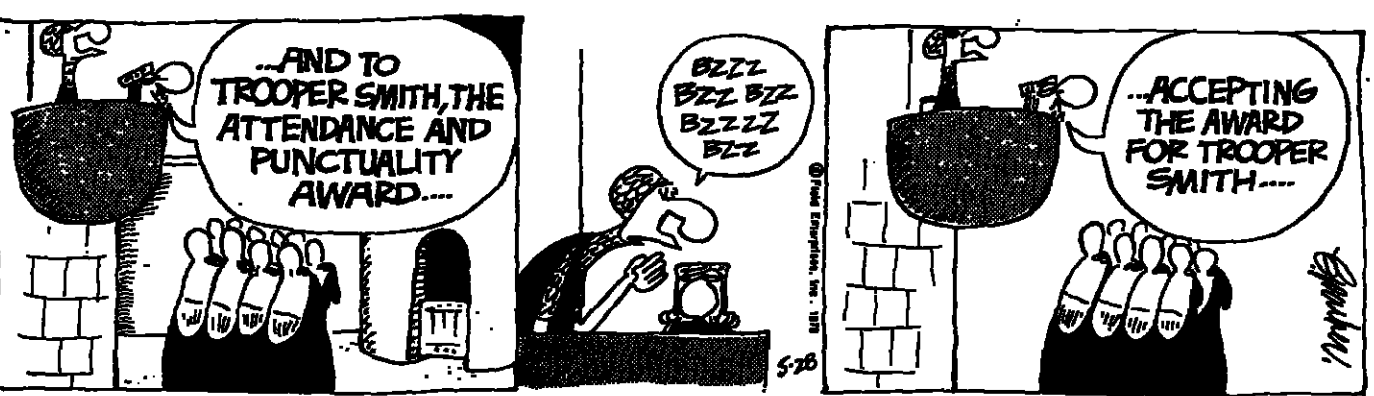
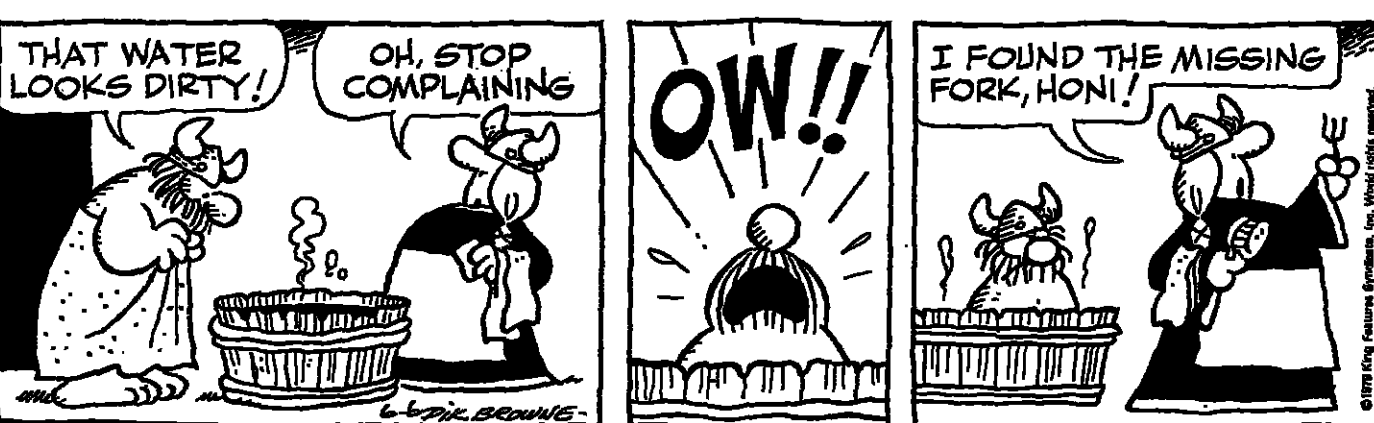
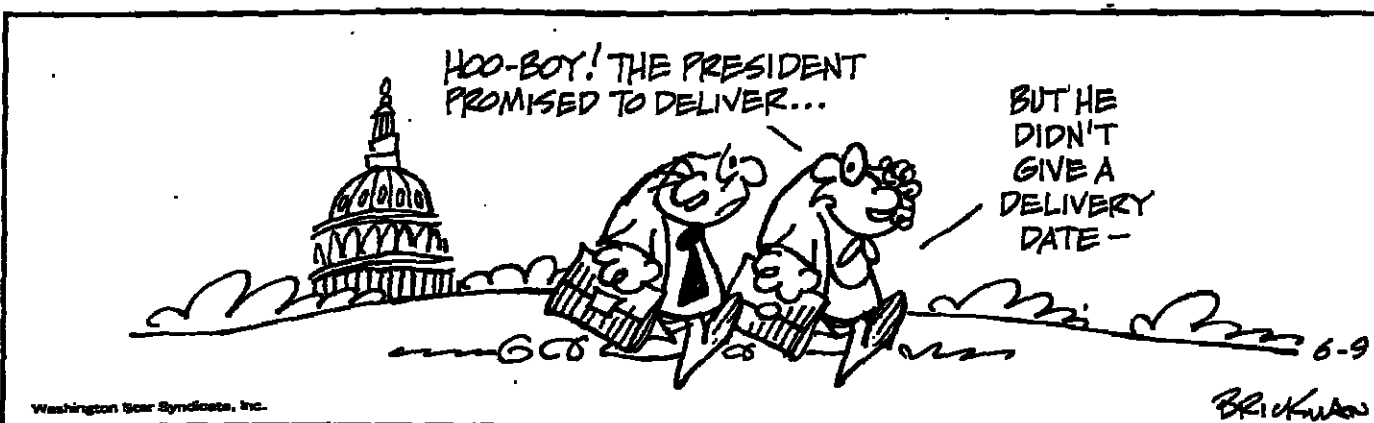
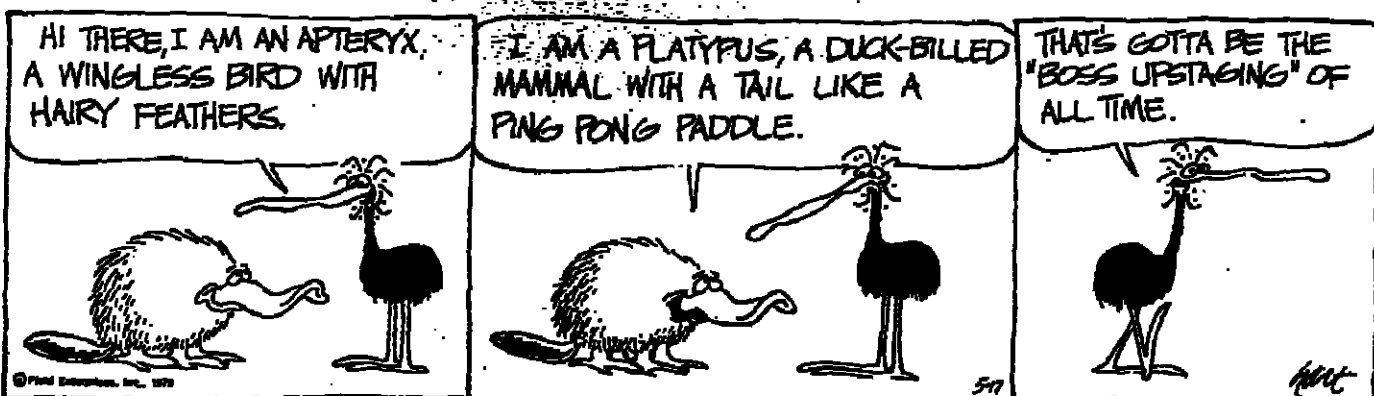
SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



Dennis the Menace



"WHY are you kicking my door?" "Temporary unsanity?"

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

Across

- 1 Laughing sound
- 2 Vestibule
- 3 Store up
- 4 Belgian river
- 5 Outcast
- 6 Like cordage
- 7 Instantly
- 8 Electrical unit
- 9 Actor Roland
- 10 To pals
- 11 Spring symbol
- 12 Regrettable
- 13 Reception setting
- 14 Lyricist
- 15 Harbath
- 16 Nautical direction
- 17 Myron of comedy
- 18 Run along
- 19 Sacred place
- 20 - Aviv
- 21 Fit for habitation
- 22 Spire ornament
- 23 Suffix with hero
- 24 Alonzo
- 25 Russian measure
- 26 Courtship
- 27 Type of bullet

Down

101 Roll call answer

- 11 Role
- 12 Phone phrase
- 13 Scede
- 14 Role
- 15 Role
- 16 Scede
- 17 Role
- 18 Role
- 19 Role
- 20 Role
- 21 Role
- 22 Role
- 23 Role
- 24 Role
- 25 Role
- 26 Role
- 27 Role
- 28 Role
- 29 Role
- 30 Role
- 31 Role
- 32 Role
- 33 Role
- 34 Role
- 35 Role
- 36 Role
- 37 Role
- 38 Role
- 39 Role
- 40 Role
- 41 Role
- 42 Role
- 43 Role
- 44 Role
- 45 Role
- 46 Role
- 47 Role
- 48 Role
- 49 Role
- 50 Role
- 51 Role
- 52 Role
- 53 Role
- 54 Role
- 55 Role
- 56 Role
- 57 Role
- 58 Role
- 59 Role
- 60 Role
- 61 Role
- 62 Role
- 63 Role
- 64 Role
- 65 Role
- 66 Role
- 67 Role
- 68 Role
- 69 Role
- 70 Role
- 71 Role
- 72 Role
- 73 Role
- 74 Role
- 75 Role
- 76 Role
- 77 Role
- 78 Role
- 79 Role
- 80 Role
- 81 Role
- 82 Role
- 83 Role
- 84 Role
- 85 Role
- 86 Role
- 87 Role
- 88 Role
- 89 Role
- 90 Role
- 91 Role
- 92 Role
- 93 Role
- 94 Role
- 95 Role
- 96 Role
- 97 Role
- 98 Role
- 99 Role
- 100 Role

Yesterday's Answer

9 Gilt 27 Fancy wear

12 Phone 28 Ship

13 Scede 30 French

14 Role 31 Put in a log

15 Role 32 External

16 Scede 33 Like a

17 Role 34 Like a

18 Role 35 Like a

19 Role 36 Like a

20 Role 37 Like a

21 Role 38 Like a

22 Role 39 Like a

23 Role 40 Like a

24 Role 41 Like a

25 Role 42 Like a

26 Role 43 Like a

27 Role 44 Like a

28 Role 45 Like a

29 Role 46 Like a

30 Role 47 Like a

31 Role 48 Like a

32 Role 49 Like a

33 Role 50 Like a

34 Role 51 Like a

35 Role 52 Like a

36 Role 53 Like a

37 Role 54 Like a

38 Role 55 Like a

39 Role 56 Like a

40 Role 57 Like a

41 Role 58 Like a

42 Role 59 Like a

43 Role 60 Like a

44 Role 61 Like a

45 Role 62 Like a

46 Role 63 Like a

47 Role 64 Like a

48 Role 65 Like a

49 Role 66 Like a

50 Role 67 Like a

51 Role 68 Like a

52 Role 69 Like a

53 Role 70 Like a

54 Role 71 Like a

55 Role 72 Like a

Believe It or Not!



"WHY are you kicking my door?" "Temporary unsanity?"

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

Defense is a Two-Way Street

South dealer. East-West vulnerable.

NORTH

♠ 9 8 5

♥ 7 6

♦ 10 9 2

♣ A J 10 7 4

WEST

♠ 7 2

♥ J 10 9 5 2

♦ A J 7

♣ 9 8 5

EAST

♠ 6 4

♥ A K 8 4

♦ 8 5 4 3

♣ K 5 2

SOUTH

♠ A Q J 10 3

♥ Q 7 3

♦ K Q 6

♣ Q 3

The bidding:

1♣ West 2♣ East

2♦ West 3♦ East

4♦ West 4♠ East

Opening lead - Jack of hearts.

A declarer sees all his side's

resources as soon as dummy

appears, but the defenders do

not have that corresponding

advantage. As a result, the

defenders must work harder

and more carefully to

ascertain their respective

assets and liabilities. If they

cooperate well, they will

practically always score all

the tricks they are entitled to

score.

Consider this deal where

routine defense would permit

declarer to make the contract

and well-coordinated

defense would defeat it. Let's

say West leads a heart, won by

East with the king. East must

obviously shift to a diamond,

the only question is, which

one?

First, let's suppose East

returns the three, conforming

to the standard custom of

leading his fourth-best

diamond. South would play the

king and West would

presumably win with the ace.

Unfortunately, if this

position is reached - and it is

only trick two - the defense is

all washed up. Whatever West

returns, South makes the

contract. His only losers prove

to be a heart, a diamond and a

club.

Now let's go back to trick

two and have East return

the eight of diamonds. West can

easily read the eight as East's

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

Tuesday	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghrib	Isha
Mecca	4:15	5:43	12:28	3:47	7:07	8:37
Medina	4:03	5:31	12:28	3:49	7:14	8:44
Nejd	3:35	5:12	12:00	3:21	6:45	8:15

DHAHRAN TV

4:30 Childrens Show	Ses St.: 1127, Laff a
5:55 The Monster Squad	Lympics: Ariz
6:19 The Waltons	No Face
7:06 Randall & Hopkirk	Career Girl
Safety Film	The Ghost Talks
8:05 Kojak	Fire Safety Hot Stuff
	Photo Must Credit Joe
	Paxton
8:53 Theater of Stars	In Any Language

WEATHER

Forecast for the next 24 hours:
Moderate summer weather is likely to prevail over the western and southwestern highlands as a result of concentration of rain clouds over them. Other regions will have a hot weather, with surface winds blowing mostly northerly over the northern region at moderate to active speed, raising dust and sands occasionally.
Sea conditions will be moderate to medium in the territorial waters.

Monday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	41	28	Tabuk	39	22
Jeddah	37	25	Turaif	37	21
Riyadh	42	28	Arar	41	22
Dhahran	42	29	Bisha	40	24
Medina	42	26	Yanbu	33	24
Taif	37	23	Abha	28	17

SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 96 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band

On SW at 11.855 MHz in 25 meter band

Afternoon Transmission	10:01 The Holy Quran
	10:05 Message to the Faithful
2:00 Opening	10:10 Light Musci
2:01 The Holy Quran	10:15 NEWS
2:05 Gems of Guidance	10:25 S.A. - A Daily Chronicle
2:10 Saudi Literature & Arts	1:30 Sound Sweet and Strange
2:20 On Islam	11:00 Youth Welfare
2:30 People Talking	11:10 Musci
3:00 NEWS	11:15 The Evening Show
	11:45 Touring Saudi Arabia
	12:00 Imp., Com. and Recollections
3:10 Press Review	12:10 MUSIC
3:15 Musci	12:15 Latin musci
3:20 Science Journal	12:45 A Rendez-vous with Dreams
3:30 Leaps & Bounds	
3:40 MUSIC	
3:50 Close Down	
Evening Transmission	01:00 Close Down
10:00 Opening	

VOA

P.M.	10:05 Opening: Analyses
	News Summary
8:00 News Roundup:	10:30 VOC Magazine:
Reports: Actualities:	America; Science;
Opinion; Analyses	Cultural; Letter
8:30 Dateline	11:00 Special English: News
News Summary	12:30 Music USA: (Jazz)
9:00 Special English:	
News; Feature: The	
Making of a Nation	
News Summary	
9:30 Music USA:	
(Standards)	
10:00 News Roundup:	
Reports: Actualities	

BBC

Morning Transmission	4:30 The Pleasure's Yours
8:00 World News	5:15 Report on Religion
8:09 * Twenty-Four Hours	6:00 Radio Newsreel
News Summary	6:15 * Outlook
8:30 * Sarah Ward	7:00 World News
8:45 World Today	7:09 Commentary
9:00 Newsdesk	7:15 * Sherlock Holmes
9:30 * Opera Star	7:45 World Today
10:00 World News	8:00 World News
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours	8:09 * Books and Writers
News Summary	8:30 * Take One
10:30 * Sarah Ward	8:45 Sports Round-up
10:45 * Something to Show	9:00 World News
You	9:09 News about Britain
11:00 World News	9:15 Radio Newsreel
11:09 Reflections	9:30 Farming World
11:15 Piano Style	10:00 Outlook News
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978	Summary
12:00 World News	10:39 Stock Market Report
12:09 British Press Review	10:45 Look Ahead
12:15 World Today	10:45 Ulster in Forces
12:30 Financial News	11:00 World News
12:40 Look Ahead	11:09 Twenty-Four Hours:
12:45 The Tony Myatt	News Summary
Request Show	11:30 The Pleasure's Yours
Evening Transmission	Midnight Transmission
1:15 Ulster in Focus	12:15 Talkabout
1:30 Discovery	12:45 Nature
2:00 World News	Notebook
2:09 News about Britain	1:00 World News
2:15 Alphabet of	1:09 World Today
Musical Curios	1:25 Financial News
2:30 Sports International	1:35 BBOOK Choice
2:40 Radio Newsreel	1:40 Reflections
3:15 Promenade Concert	1:45 Sports Round-up
3:45 Sports Round-up	2:00 World News
4:00 World News	2:09 Commentary
4:09 Twenty-Four Hours:	2:15 The Face of England
News Summary	

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR TUESDAY JUNE 19, 1978

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES

(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)

Follow your own advice now. Your judgment is good.

Advisers tend to give you a

hard steer re finances and

domestic issues.

TAURUS

(Apr. 20 to May 20)

Behind-the-scenes financial

information can be trusted,

but wait awhile longer before

signing papers. Deceptive

trends prevail.

GEMINI

(May 21 to June 20)

Friends are very supportive,

but peculiar circumstances

affect relations with partners

and allies. Inner doubts may

surface.

CANCER

(June 21 to July 21)

Bide your time re an important

career matter. Don't discuss

International Finance

International Bourse, Commodities, Money and Exchange Rates

For further information, call
TIHAMA
for Advertising, Public Relations
and Marketing Studies
Jeddah: Ministry of Foreign Affairs Circle. Tel: 40000

فرصات العالم

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

LONDON		Hong Kong Portugal	
June 14	Range	5.9335 49.3169	
U.S.A.	2.9946-2.9970	NEW YORK	
Canada	2.4578-2.4588		
France	9.2499-9.2509		
Belgium	64.15-64.26		
Italy	1768.58-1768.59		
Spain	1245-1247.25		
Switzerland	3.6290-3.6300		
West Germany	1.9795-2.4399		
Sweden	1.9750-1.9820		
Norway	18.8975-18.8975		
Denmark	11.5252-11.5252	June 14 Opening Prices	
Austria	29.55-29.60	STC	2.9975-2.9985
Portugal	19.89-19.89	BRF CON	30.64-30.64
Japan	138.85-138.95	CFR CAN	85.31-85.33
	360.908-461.520	FFN	4.1185-4.1178
	UNAVAILABLE	LIT	852.30-852.40
		DEL	2.8915-2.8925
		SFR	1.7225-1.7282
		DNK	1.9990-1.9990
		FIN	22.89-22.89
		ALC, SCH	14.82-14.87
		GER	5.9065-5.9080
		SPK	3.9770-3.9770
		PORT	UNAVAILABLE
		SNR	4.3080-4.3750
		BRF FR	11.60-11.60
		SPAIN	UNAVAILABLE
		MEXICO	22.82-22.82
		Sept one month 71-41 disc.	two months 131-41 disc.
		three months 182-172 disc.	six months 226-285 disc.
		twelve months 490-475 disc.	
		one month 74-41 disc.	three months 114-41 disc.
		three months 14-13 disc.	six months 24-74 disc.
		twelve months 36-33 disc.	
U.S.A.	2.8945		
W. Germany	2.1025-2.1103(85)		
France	9.5240-9.5240		
Belgium	67.776-67.778		
Spain	0.7262-0.7266		
Italy	0.8262-0.8262		
Japan	0.801173-0.801174		
Denmark	0.804023-0.804543		
Sweden	0.18143-0.1816		
Norway	0.1524-0.1525		
West Germany	0.7261-0.7261		
Canada	0.8843-0.8853		
U.S.A.	132.960		
Austria	29.5750		
Spain	1.9765		
Italy	1.9765		
Japan	132.960		
Denmark	29.5750		
Sweden	1.9765		
Norway	1.9765		
West Germany	29.5750		
Canada	1.9765		
U.S.A.	1.9765		
W. Germany	1.9765		
France	1.9765		
Belgium	1.9765		
Spain	1.9765		
Italy	1.9765		
Japan	1.9765		
Denmark	1.9765		
Sweden	1.9765		
Norway	1.9765		
West Germany	1.9765		
Canada	1.9765		
U.S.A.	1.9765		
W. Germany	1.9765		
France	1.9765		
Belgium	1.9765		
Spain	1.9765		
Italy	1.9765		
Japan	1.9765		
Denmark	1.9765		
Sweden	1.9765		
Norway	1.9765		
West Germany	1.9765		
Canada	1.9765		
U.S.A.	1.9765		
W. Germany	1.9765		
France	1.9765		
Belgium	1.9765		
Spain	1.9765		
Italy	1.9765		
Japan	1.9765		
Denmark	1.9765		
Sweden	1.9765		
Norway	1.9765		
West Germany	1.9765		
Canada	1.9765		
U.S.A.	1.9765		
W. Germany	1.9765		
France	1.9765		
Belgium	1.9765		
Spain	1.9765		
Italy	1.9765		
Japan	1.9765		
Denmark	1.9765		
Sweden	1.9765		
Norway	1.9765		
West Germany	1.9765		
Canada	1.9765		
U.S.A.	1.9765		

DOW JONES CLOSING STOCK AVERAGES			
June 15			
30 Industrials ...	843.38	UP 0.56	or 0.11%
20 Transport ...	248.80	DN 0.39	or 0.12%
15 Utilities ...	168.28	UP 0.21	or 0.20%
65 Stocks ...	294.61	UP 0.18	or 0.06%

U.S.: Stock prices closed slightly higher on the New York stock exchange. The 30-stock industrial average closed up 0.56 points, at 843.38. Advancing issues outnumbered decliners 259 to about 100.

Zurich: Stock prices firmed in a thick market. At Friday's close, gains outnumbered losses 58 to 47, with 34 times rechecked. Climaxers were narrowly mixed, while other sectors panned.

[illegible]

	June 14	June 14	YTD
Gov't Stocks.....	70.24	70.44	70.57
Fixed Interest.....	72.38	72.44	72.57
Gold, Silver.....	170.72	170.72	170.72
Gold MfWf-5pm.....	159.9	158.1	157.8
Gold Df-5pm.....	159.9	158.1	157.8
Yield YfWf-5pm (flat)	6.57	6.57	6.54
P/E Ratio (est)(ft)	13.82	16.34	16.43
Total turnover.....	20,896	20,375	20.7
Unsettled business.....	10,457	10,457	10.457
Ex'y b'g total.....	10,457	10,457	14,122
11th. 475.5	11th. 477.8	Nov 480.7	
1 p.m. 481.9	1 p.m. 482.8	3 p.m. 482.2	
Latest bid 481.9	Latest bid 481.9	Latest bid 481.9	
1000 Govt. Sec. 151/162.			

June 14 Lanchester Prices				SOYABEAN MEAL			
COCOA		Today's Closing	Previous Closing	Today's Closing		Today's Closing	Today's Closing
		¢ per tonne				¢ per tonne	
July	1652	1654	1654	June	138.00	137.00	137.00
September	1666	1667	1667	August	138.50	138.50	138.50
December	1745	1745	1745	October	133.20	133.20	133.20
March	1769	1767	1767	December	135.50	134.50	134.50
May	1776	1773	1773	February	136.30	135.50	135.50
July	1792	1787	1787	April	137.50	137.50	137.50
September	1810	1795	1795	June	139.00	135.00	135.00
ROBUSTA COFFEE				June 14 Official Close			
		¢ per tonne					
July	2865	2862	2862				
September	2856	2856	2856				

GRAINS		COPPER			
	Wheat Yesterday's Closing	Barley Yesterday's Closing	\$ per tonne		
		\$ per long ton			
September	92.65	86.90	Wharfedale	915.50	916.00
October	96.00	90.30	Three months	926.00	926.50
January	100.50	94.90	Yorkshire	922.00	922.50
April	103.35	98.15	Coal	922.00	922.50
May	106.70	101.65	Three months	926.00	927.00
			Settlement	922.50	
RUBBER		LEAD			
	Pence per Kilo		\$ per tonne		
July	64.50	Coal	687.90	688.00	
August	66.75	Three months	631.00	632.00	
Oct.-September	67.85	Settlement	688.00	—	
Oct.-December	69.15				
January-March	71.30				
April-June	73.45				
July-September	75.50				
Oct.-December	77.60				
January-March	79.70				
			</		

[illegible]

10-11	12-13	14-15	16-17	18-19	20-21	22-23	24-25	26-27	28-29	30-31	32-33	34-35	36-37	38-39	40-41	42-43	44-45	46-47	48-49	50-51	52-53	54-55	56-57	58-59	60-61	62-63	64-65	66-67	68-69	70-71	72-73	74-75	76-77	78-79	80-81	82-83	84-85	86-87	88-89	90-91	92-93	94-95	96-97	98-99	100-101	102-103	104-105	106-107	108-109	110-111	112-113	114-115	116-117	118-119	120-121	122-123	124-125	126-127	128-129	130-131	132-133	134-135	136-137	138-139	140-141	142-143	144-145	146-147	148-149	150-151	152-153	154-155	156-157	158-159	160-161	162-163	164-165	166-167	168-169	170-171	172-173	174-175	176-177	178-179	180-181	182-183	184-185	186-187	188-189	190-191	192-193	194-195	196-197	198-199	200-201	202-203	204-205	206-207	208-209	210-211	212-213	214-215	216-217	218-219	220-221	222-223	224-225	226-227	228-229	230-231	232-233	234-235	236-237	238-239	240-241	242-243	244-245	246-247	248-249	250-251	252-253	254-255	256-257	258-259	260-261	262-263	264-265	266-267	268-269	270-271	272-273	274-275	276-277	278-279	280-281	282-283	284-285	286-287	288-289	290-291	292-293	294-295	296-297	298-299	300-301	302-303	304-305	306-307	308-309	310-311	312-313	314-315	316-317	318-319	320-321	322-323	324-325	326-327	328-329	330-331	332-333	334-335	336-337	338-339	340-341	342-343	344-345	346-347	348-349	350-351	352-353	354-355	356-357	358-359	360-361	362-363	364-365	366-367	368-369	370-371	372-373	374-375	376-377	378-379	380-381	382-383	384-385	386-387	388-389	390-391	392-393	394-395	396-397	398-399	400-401	402-403	404-405	406-407	408-409	410-411	412-413	414-415	416-417	418-419	420-421	422-423	424-425	426-427	428-429	430-431	432-433	434-435	436-437	438-439	440-441	442-443	444-445	446-447	448-449	450-451	452-453	454-455	456-457	458-459	460-461	462-463	464-465	466-467	468-469	470-471	472-473	474-475	476-477	478-479	480-481	482-483	484-485	486-487	488-489	490-491	492-493	494-495	496-497	498-499	500-501	502-503	504-505	506-507	508-509	510-511	512-513	514-515	516-517	518-519	520-521	522-523	524-525	526-527	528-529	530-531	532-533	534-535	536-537	538-539	540-541	542-543	544-545	546-547	548-549	550-551	552-553	554-555	556-557	558-559	560-561	562-563	564-565	566-567	568-569	570-571	572-573	574-575	576-577	578-579	580-581	582-583	584-585	586-587	588-589	590-591	592-593	594-595	596-597	598-599	600-601	602-603	604-605	606-607	608-609	610-611	612-613	614-615	616-617	618-619	620-621	622-623	624-625	626-627	628-629	630-631	632-633	634-635	636-637	638-639	640-641	642-643	644-645	646-647	648-649	650-651	652-653	654-655	656-657	658-659	660-661	662-663	664-665	666-667	668-669	670-671	672-673	674-675	676-677	678-679	680-681	682-683	684-685	686-687	688-689	690-691	692-693	694-695	696-697	698-699	700-701	702-703	704-705	706-707	708-709	710-711	712-713	714-715	716-717	718-719	720-721	722-723	724-725	726-727	728-729	730-731	732-733	734-735	736-737	738-739	740-741	742-743	744-745	746-747	748-749	750-751	752-753	754-755	756-757	758-759	760-761	762-763	764-765	766-767	768-769	770-771	772-773	774-775	776-777	778-779	780-781	782-783	784-785	786-787	788-789	790-791	792-793	794-795	796-797	798-799	800-801	802-803	804-805	806-807	808-809	810-811	812-813	814-815	816-817	818-819	820-821	822-823	824-825	826-827	828-829	830-831	832-833	834-835	836-837	838-839	840-841	842-843	844-845	846-847	848-849	850-851	852-853	854-855	856-857	858-859	860-861	862-863	864-865	866-867	868-869	870-871	872-873	874-875	876-877	878-879	880-881	882-883	884-885	886-887	888-889	890-891	892-893	894-895	896-897	898-899	900-901	902-903	904-905	906-907	908-909	910-911	912-913	914-915	916-917	918-919	920-921	922-923	924-925	926-927	928-929	930-931	932-933	934-935	936-937	938-939	940-941	942-943	944-945	946-947	948-949	950-951	952-953	954-955	956-957	958-959	960-961	962-963	964-965	966-967	968-969	970-971	972-973	974-975	976-977	978-979	980-981	982-983	984-985	986-987	988-989	990-991	992-993	994-995	996-997	998-999	1000-1001
-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	-----------

in dollar certificates of deposit: One month 10.25-10.35 per cent; three months 10.20-10.30 per cent; six months



ASHEMIMRY
TRADING, CONTRACTING & INDUSTRY
Jeddah, Tel: 57850-57256 Telex: 401414 ATC SJ

أول صحيفة سعودية يومية تصدر باللغة الإنجليزية
الرياض نيوز
الناشر: الشركة السعودية للأبحاث والتسويق

The ugly supporter

Majestic buildings need strong support in infancy. Reusable building timber does it best. Ask us to supply quality Roumanian, Swedish and Canadian timber. Immediate delivery and attractive terms.

CONTACT
ALSAYED ABDALLAH MOHAMED BAROOM
TEL: 22366 — 22377 — 22388 P.O. BOX 1346 JEDDAH

PAGE 12

International

الرياض ٢٦ رجب ١٣٩٩ هـ

On policy toward refugees

Malaysia apparently backing down

KUALA LUMPUR, June 18 (R) — Malaysia Monday softened its threat to shoot on sight Vietnamese refugees trying to enter the country.

Apparently retreating in the face of international concern, officials said legislation giving security forces authority to shoot on sight would be sought only as a last resort.

An official source said that at this stage, despite the arrival of several thousand "boat people" each week, it is neither necessary to shoot at them nor is it contemplated.

An announcement on Friday by Deputy Prime Minister Datuk

Mahahir Muhammad that Malaysia would deport its 73,000 Vietnamese refugees and seek legislation to shoot new arrivals on sight provoked alarm in the West and among United Nations officials.

Prime Minister Datuk Hussein Onn was due to issue a policy statement later setting out the government's position.

But the sources said Malaysia still reserved the right to take unilateral and drastic action to stem the arrival of refugees unless the international community responded promptly in speeding up resettlement of those already here.

Western countries and United Nations officials involved with refugee resettlement have urged the government here to reconsider.

Diplomats expressed hope over the weekend that mass deportations and shoot-on-sight orders would be a last resort.

As the prime minister prepared his statement, senior officials conferred on how to implement the new policy.

Foreign Minister Tengku Ahmad Rithauddeen called in ambassadors from Malaysia's partners in the Association of South-east Asian Nations to explain his

government's position.

Informed sources said 800 refugees were ordered out to sea over the weekend after making a landfall on the northeast coast of the Malaysian peninsula.

They emphasized that this was not related to the new policy. Refugees who landed in seaworthy boats were invariably turned away after being given fresh provisions and fuel.

Tengku Rithauddeen said Sunday that Malaysia was justified in getting tough with the refugees because of the dismal response from the West in settling them in other countries.

"It is so disgusting. The response is so bad that our patience is at an end," he told reporters.

Malaysia Monday sent a message to United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim intended to allay world fears over its policy.

The text was not immediately available.

The message reportedly stressed the extremely critical situation posed by having so many refugees already in camps, with thousands more expected.

The message was sent by Hussein Onn after a day of meetings with senior cabinet ministers.

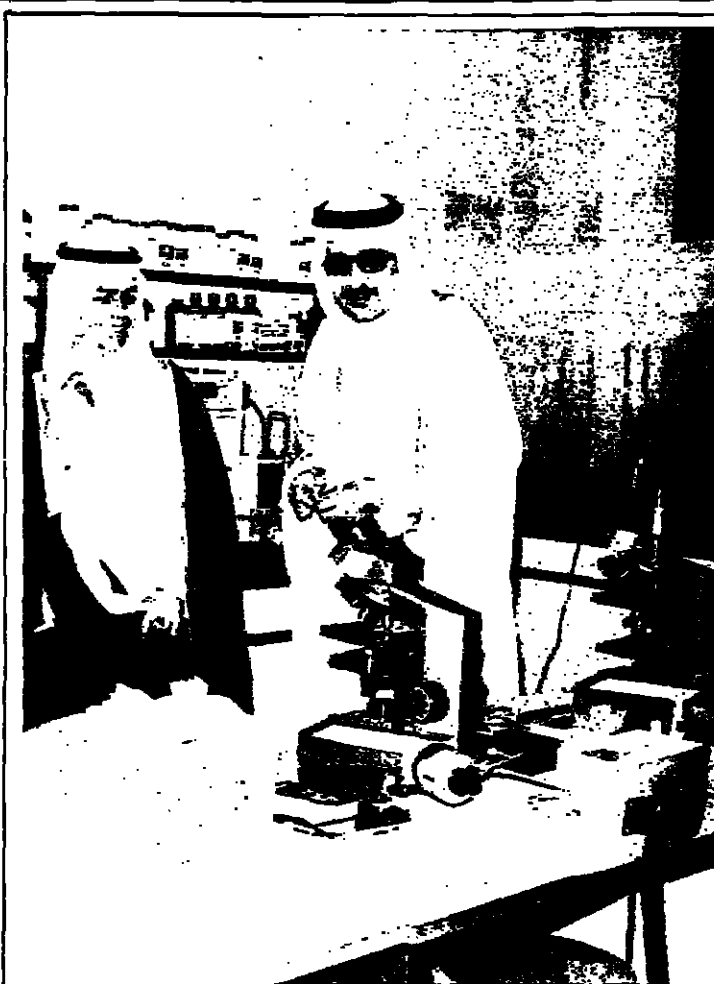
The Malaysian government has not yet taken a decision on the attempt by the Muslim Missionary Society, headed by former Prime Minister Tunku Abdul Rahman, to bring 3,000 Cambodian Muslim refugees into the country for temporary shelter.

In Oslo, Norwegian Foreign Minister Knut Frydenlund said that Malaysia's decision was revolting.

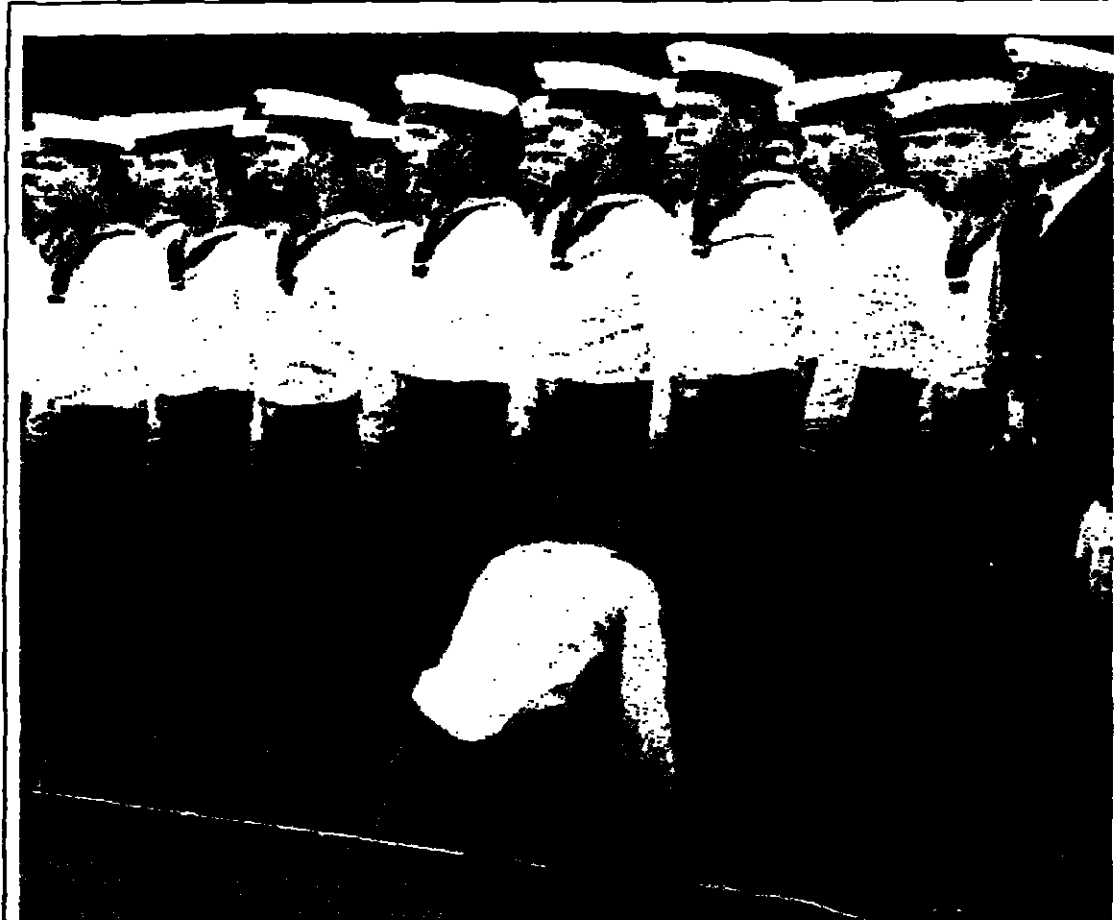
"We understand the problems that lie behind this decision but the measures as such are revolting," he said.

The Norwegian Foreign Ministry would discuss increasing aid to the refugees. Norway has already allocated 70 million kroner (about \$13.5 million) to them.

Refugees picked up by Norwegian ships would still be given the right to settle in Norway, the minister said, but the problem was now so big that an international solution must be found.



GRAND OPENING: Mecca Governor Prince Fawaz is shown around the new Jeddah Clinic by the owner of the hospital Dr. Hamed Matlagani. Prince Fawaz opened the clinic Monday.



METHODICAL: A corporal uses a white ribbon to correct the line-up of a guard of honor outside the West German Chancellery before the arrival of Belgian Prime Minister Wilfried Martens for talks in Bonn earlier this week.

Freelancer

CIA man sacked for spying

WASHINGTON, June 18 (AP) —

A U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) security officer, found to have sorted through sensitive files of the House of Representatives' Committee on Assassinations, has been fired, the agency said Sunday night.

The officer, Regis Blahut, was assigned to guard CIA documents being used by the committee in its investigation of the assassination of President John Kennedy, said an agency spokesman. "He saw the committee's files and picked

them up, which was dumb," he said.

Foreign involvement ruled out After an internal CIA investigation, he said "we were totally convinced" Blahut was not encouraged "from outside or inside the CIA" to examine private committee documents.

"That would be the immediate question, but we felt certain it was just a matter of curiosity and poor judgment," he said. "We dismissed the guy and that was it."

Combination safe

The "Washington Post" newspaper in its Monday editions quoted unidentified sources as saying the incident involved "surreptitious entry of a combination safe at the committee's offices," but the spokesman said no safe was involved as far as he knew.

The "Post" said the safe was reserved for physical evidence of the Kennedy assassination, including autopsy photos, X-rays and the bullet said to have hit both Kennedy and Texas Governor John Connally.

Denies wrongdoing

There are no allegations that anything was taken. Blahut could not be reached for comment Sunday night, but the "Post" quoted him as acknowledging his fingerprints had been found on some of the documents. However, he denied any wrongdoing in the matter, citing a CIA "oath of secrecy" in declining to elaborate, the newspaper said.

Arms shipment awaits owner in Philippines

MANILA, June 18 (AP) — A mystery ship has reportedly unloaded four 105mm howitzers in a southern Philippine port, but Defense Ministry and military officials were at a loss Monday over whose guns they are.

"I have checked with the different armed forces offices and none of them has been able to provide positive information if the shipment belongs to us or to the rebels," Col. George Abando, of the Defense Ministry, said.

In a report from Bislig, a booming industrial town 912 kilometers southeast of Manila, the official Philippine News Agency said the artillery pieces were unloaded on a wharf belonging to the Paper Industries Corp. of the Philippines by a ship flying the Libyan flag and reportedly manned by Filipinos.

Thais spurn U.N. appeal on expelling Cambodians

BANGKOK, June 18 (AP) —

Thailand will go ahead with its plan to repatriate an estimated 40,000 Cambodians seeking asylum in the border provinces of Trad and Chantaburi despite an appeal from U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim.

Thailand's commander-in-chief of the armed forces, General Sern Na Korn, said Monday, commenting on a report that Waldheim had sent an urgent message to Prime Minister Kriangsak Chomanan, asking that Cambodian refugees be allowed to stay temporarily in Thailand on "humanitarian grounds."

Sern said Thailand welcomed discussion with the United Nations on refugee problems but he said that the plan for a second phase of a forced repatriation, expected to begin Monday, would go ahead as scheduled.

The Thai government, which has allowed some 200,000 Indochinese refugees into the country, sent about 45,000 Cambodians from the border town of Aranyaprathet back into their homeland June 15-19.

Waldheim's special representative, Ambassador Ilke Turkmen of Turkey, arrived in Bangkok Friday for talks with the government on refugee problems.

Commenting on Malaysia's forced repatriation of Vietnamese boat people, Sern said Thailand had stepped up security in Thai waters to prevent the refugees from heading toward the Thai coast.

He said that Thailand has no policy of shooting at the refugees.

Sern, who recently returned from an official visit to Malaysia, said he was not informed of Malaysia's decision to send the refugees back to sea while he was visiting the country.

An English language daily newspaper, "The Bangkok Post,"

said in its editorial Monday that Malaysia's announcement to push back the Vietnamese refugees had made the world realize, though reluctantly, that refugee problems are "usually swept under the carpet at the United Nations."

The editorial criticized Vietnam for allowing its people to leave in such a chaotic manner. "Those who have worked themselves to a frenzy of protest about other less obvious challenges to human rights have remained silent. Vietnam, it seems can get away with murder."

Muslim medicine ruling suspended by Tokyo court

JEDDAH, June 18 — A local court in Tokyo has ruled that a decision that two Muslim medical institutions and two Muslim doctors should be forbidden to practice be suspended, according to a report from Tokyo.

According to the Japan Islamic Congress, the earlier decision was ordered suspended as "prematuring."

The Health Bureau of the Tokyo Metropolitan Government had ruled in May that two clinics and two doctors in Shinjuku, Tokyo, should have their licenses as health insurance medical institutions and as health medical doctors revoked. That decision was suspended.

According to the Japan Islamic Congress, the Japanese Foreign Ministry had earlier said that the case against the two clinics had been dropped.

The Japan Islamic Congress says that this assurance was given to a delegation to the Islamic Foreign Ministers' Conference in Fez last month.

IRANIAN & ORIENTAL CARPETS BAZAR

Managed by

HASSAN MAKTAHI & BROS ALI

20% DISCOUNT!

VALID FROM 5th TO 20th JUNE-DONT MISS IT!

PRESENTING ALL KINDS OF NEW AND OLD CARPETS

NAIN GOM (SILK) ISPAHAN HEREKE KAYSERI KOKAZ

AIRPORT ROAD NEAR SHERATON HOTEL, JEDDAH PHONE 36169



Colour Your Hair Beautiful While You Shampoo by **CRISTAL COLOR** Colouring Shampoo GARNIER



TAMER Jeddah - Riyadh - Al Khobar 2292 - 24653 - 42115

مكتبة من الأصل